

Components of English for Iraq, 1st Intermediate

- Student's Book
- Activity Book
- Teacher's Book
- Audio

English for Iraq, 1st Intermediate is organized into six theme-based learning units and two review units. With a combined functional/structural syllabus, the emphasis is on giving the learners useful strategies for developing language skills. Nevertheless, structures and exponents of function are highlighted in the **Student's Book** and practised in the **Activity Book**. A Word list for each unit is printed at the back of the Student's Book and Activity Book and included in full in the Teacher's Book.

The course is designed to stimulate and challenge students through:

- a wide variety of semi-authentic text types;
- modern, colourful illustrations and photographs;
- clear instructions to the learner;
- language-learning tips;
- project work;
- communicative tasks;
- stories, poems and rhymes to be read for both comprehension and enjoyment.

The **Teacher's Book** contains an introduction with practical advice and procedures for using the course effectively. The underlying methodology is explained, and the teaching techniques used in the course are highlighted. Step-by-step procedures for individual lessons provide a solid framework for lesson preparation.

The **Audio** extracts comprise recordings of all the listening texts, exercises and phonic work in the Student's Book and Activity Book.

2014





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Ministry of Education English Curriculum Committee

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English for I faq



1st Intermediate Student's Book

by Terry O'Neill and Peter Snow

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Book map

Lexical areas

Communicative activities

Unit 1

My spare time

- Spare-time activities and hobbies
- Routine activities

Project work: a scrapbook presentation about hobbies.

Playing language games.

Reading for enjoyment and commenting on the text: The birdwatcher.

Unit 2

Dates and seasons

- Weather words
- Months
- Seasons
- Ordinals

- Project work: a scrapbook presentation about weather.
- Comparing the school year and the weather in Iraq and England.
- Two rhymes.
- Reading for enjoyment and commenting on the text: New Year's Day in London.

Unit 3

- Adjectives and adverbs describing moods and feelings
- Activities

- Project work: a scrapbook presentation of people showing different moods and feelings.
- Reading a narrative for enjoyment and commenting on: Khalid and the key.

Unit 4 Review

Advice on and practice in ...

Vocabulary learning.

Speaking with expression.

Unit 5

Other countries

 Names of countries, industries and products

- Project work: a scrapbook presentation about famous sights from around the world.
- A song.
- Reading for enjoyment and commenting on the text: Where have you been?
- Playing language games.

Unit 6

Friends abroad

- Personal description
- Customs
- Nationalities

- Project work: a scrapbook presentation about pen-friends.
- Reading a narrative for enjoyment and commenting on: A wolf in the forest.

Unit 7

Danger!

ENVIRONMENT, SAFETY & HEALTH

- Dangers in the home and in the street
- Project work: a scrapbook presentation about staying safe.
- Reading a narrative for enjoyment and commenting on: Danger at sea.

Unit 8 Review

- Advice on and practice in ... Concentrating when listening.
- Pronunciation of Yes/No questions and answers.

Language learning activities

Grammatical areas

Pronunciation & phonology

- Listening for gist and information; writing notes.
- Using a questionnaire to ask and answer questions.
- Reading for detail and inference.
- Writing sentences, a paragraph and a friendly letter of reply.
- Editing and improving own writing.
- Past and Present simple tense; Past continuous tense
- Adjectives
- Possessive 's' and possessive pronouns
- Adverbs of frequency
- Ouestion formation

- Syllable stress
- Sounds /s/ /ʃ/
- Reading aloud

- Listening for detail and writing notes.
- Asking and answering questions.
- Using pictures to predict speech.
- Telling a foreigner about a local festival; trying to improve oral delivery.
- Reading for detail and interpreting charts and symbols.
- Practising punctuation.
- Writing an account of a festival.

- Future tense: will
- Time adverbials
- Comparatives and superlatives
- Intonation: performing two rhymes

- Talking about inventions.
- Listening and writing notes.
- Using pictures to retell a story.
- Reading for gist and detail.
- Scanning for words.
- Writing a short story.

- Present perfect tense
- Adverbs of manner

- Past tense endings /d/ /id/ /t/
- Intonation and stress in conversations

- Working out meanings of unknown words from the context.
- Making your writing more interesting.

- Listening for detail and writing notes.
- Using a questionnaire to ask and answer questions.
- Comparing countries.
- Reading factual texts for specific information.
- Writing about a country giving reasons for visiting it.
- Present perfect tense with ever/never
- Present perfect and Past simple tense
- Comparatives and superlatives
- Questions with prepositions at the end
- Intonation and stress in conversations

- Listening for gist.
- Listening and writing notes.
- Performing conversations.
- Reading a text about customs in Japan.
- Reading a friendly letter and identifying paragraph topic.
- Reading a description and identifying people.
- Writing a description of self and others.
- Writing a postcard message that will suit the reader.
- Link words and phrases
- Future continuous tense
- Frequency adverbs

- Formal introductions and greetings
- Pronunciation of nationalities
- Identifying feelings from intonation
- Reading aloud

- Listening and identifying a situation.
- Listening and writing notes.
- Performing conversations.
- Talking about pictures.
- Identifying dangers in pictures.
- Reading and working out meaning in posters.
- Writing warnings.

- Imperative sentences
- Reflexive pronouns
- First conditional

Intonation and stress in conversations

- Using titles, headings and pictures to predict content of texts.
- Scanning a text for direct information; reading more carefully for indirect information.

Published by Garnet Publishing Ltd. 8 Southern Court, South Street, Reading RG1 4QS, UK

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Acknowledgements

The authors and Publisher wish to thank Donna Bailey for her contribution to this work. The authors and Publisher wish to thank the following for permission to reproduce copyright material:

Illustrators

Red Giraffe, Janette Hill, Doug Nash

Photography

AFP, Axiom Photographic Agency: Jim Holmes, Corbis: W. Perry Conway; Nigel J Davis/Gallo Images; Duomo; Jack Fields; Mark Gibson; Robert Gill/Papilio; Angelo Homak; Eric & David Hosking; Charles & Josette Lenars; James Marshall; Gail Mooney; Phil Schermeister; Nik Wheeler; Michael S. Yamashita, Werner Forman Archive

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The Ministry of Education would like to thank the following specialists for their invaluable advice, expertise and hard work in support of the Editorial and Adaptation Committee during the course of the project:

Faten Fakhri Khalaf – Primary Education Supervisor Hala Talib Hammood – Teacher of English and Trainer

The holidays

Unit 1

Lesson 1

AB3/4

What do you think Faisal, Muna and Huda did in the holidays?

Read and choose.



Did you go away in the holidays?

What did you do there? Yes, I went to a village by the river.

Oh, I went swimming every day. And ...



Ahmed





Did you go away in the holidays?

What did you do all the time?

Huda

No, Muna and I stayed at home.

Oh, lots of things. I ...



Not very much. I ..

I went shopping.



I learned to cook.

Muna

I got up late every day.

I went camping



I went to the zoo.

I saw my friends every day.

I went to the museum.

I went fishing.

I went to a football match.



I read lots of books.



I made some clothes.



We listened to music.

Now listen and check.

Then practise different conversations.

What about you?

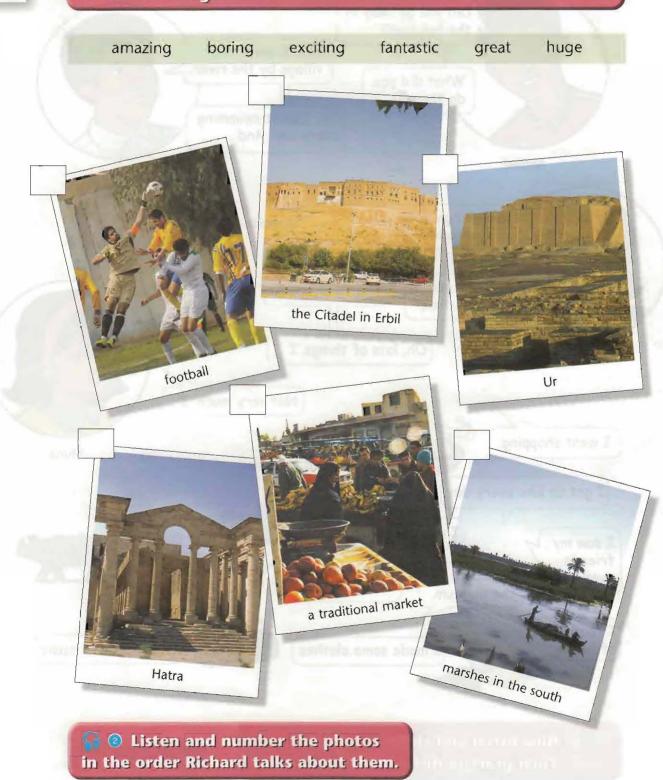
Lesson 2

AB4

Richard in Iraq

Richard went to Iraq in the holidays. He took these photographs and put them in his scrapbook.

A Talk about the photos. What do you think Richard says about the things he did and saw? Use these words:



Lesson 4

Whose scrapbooks are these?

Read and work it out. Write your answers in your copybook.













In my spare time, I like finding out about other countries. I have lots of pictures and stamps. I ask everyone to keep their stamps for me.





Some day, I want to go to Africa. Then I can take my own photos of the animals, For now, I have to look for pictures and cut them out.

I play it. I watch

it on television.

I go to matches.

So you know

I'm interested in birds. In my spare time, I take photos. Then I try to find out the names of the birds.



Muna





whose pictures I collect.

Rashid

I want to be a pilot. I'm very interested in planes and flying, so you can guess what I collect.



Amna

I enjoy collecting pictures of plants and flowers from around the world. I love the colours and the shapes.

3 Listen and check your answers.



Number ... is Maysam's.

What do you do in your spare time?

Lesson 5

AB8/9

How often?

Listen and repeat the words.



always



usually



often



sometimes



never

These words are called adverbs. Can you work out what they mean?

Listen and read what Nader is saying and complete the rule.



My father always has a rest after lunch.

I usually do my homework after lunch.

I never have a rest in the afternoon.

I often watch television for an hour.

Then my brother and I sometimes play a game.

Of course, Fridays are different.

We are never at home.

We usually go to Friday prayers.

We always go to our grandparents' house after.



Adverbs: always, sometimes, usually, often, never

Rule: Put them _____ the verb be.

With other verbs, put them_____the subject and the verb.

Sometimes we put this word at the beginning of a sentence.

Rashid's scrapbook

Unit 1

Lesson 6

AB9

Read and work out the conversation.

Adel:

1

Rashid: Oh, hi, Adel.

Adel:

2

Rashid: No, thanks.

Adel:

3

Rashid: I'm putting some photographs in my scrapbook.

Adel:

4

Rashid: Historical sites in Iraq.

Adel:

5

Rashid: I visit different cities and take pictures of ruins.

Adel:

6

Rashid: I have lots of them.

Adel:

7

Rashid: I like them.

Solution and check. AA Then practise the conversation.

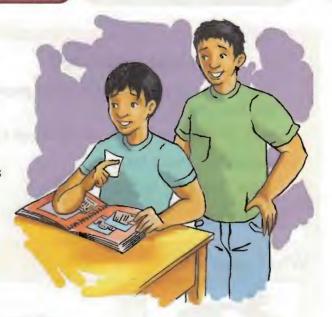
Have some fun!

Solution to this short rhyme. It is called a tongue-twister.

She sells sea shells on the sea shore.

The shells she sells are sea shells, I'm sure.

How fast can you say it?



What did Adel say?

- a) Do you have many?
- b) What are you doing?
- c) But why ruins?
- d) Hello, Rashid.
- e) Photographs of what?
- f) Do you want to come to the Mall?
- g) Where do you get the photographs?



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Make your own scrapbook

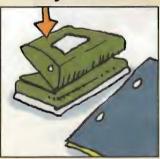
Listen and read.

What you need

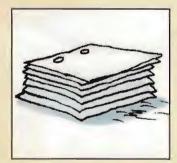
- Two pieces of cardboard or thick paper for the covers.
- Lots of sheets of paper of the same size.
- A punch to make holes.
- Some ribbon or string.
- Some glue.



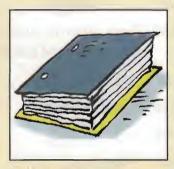
What you do



1 Make holes with the punch in the two covers.



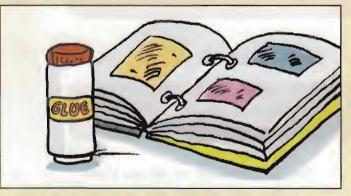
2 Make holes in the paper in the same place.



3 Put the paper between the two covers.



4 Put the string or ribbon through the holes.



5 Use glue to stick your pictures or photos into your scrapbook.

What do the new words mean?

Project Make your own scrapbook about My spare time.

Lesson 8

AB9/10

Read the letter and answer these questions.



- 1 Where does Karen come from?
- 2 Who is Jane?
- 3 What does Karen like to eat?
- 4 What does she do in her spare time?

Where?

19 Harbour Street. Sydney. Australia

Dear Halla.

Are you back at school naw? I went back last week after a wanderful holiday. I went camping with my family and then I stayed with my friend, Jane, for two weeks.

Who?

What?

Who?

What?

We had a great time. We often walked in the parks and took pictures. One day we went to the museum. Is there one in Baghdad? Sometimes we went to the cinema in the evenings, but we usually stayed in and watched videos or played games. Everyone liked fish, sa. for dinner, we often had fish cooked on a barbecue. What is your favourite food?

In my spare time, I like collecting phatographs of countries around the world. I don't have any of Iraq. Can you send me <u>some</u>, please?

What did you do in the holidays? And what do you do in your spare time? Please write and tell me everything.

Bye for now, Karen

Lesson 9

AB10-12

Round up

Now you can do these things:

1 Talk about holidays.

I went swimming every day.

I stayed at home.

Did you visit your friends?

Yes, I did.

Did you go on picnics?

No, I didn't.

2 Talk about spare-time activities.

I enjoy collecting stamps.

My sister likes finding out about other countries.

I'm interested in planes.

3 Ask and talk about how often you do things.

How often do you help at home?

I always get up before eight o'clock.

I usually go to mosque on Fridays.

They often play football in the evenings.

I sometimes watch a video.

My father never drives fast.

4 And you can ...

- make notes of things you hear.
- read up to page 12 in this book.
- understand a letter.
- write a letter. You can correct it and make it better.
- put together your own work in a scrapbook.
- say a tongue-twister: She sells sea shells on the sea shore.

The shells she sells are sea shells, I'm sure.



Who is the birdwatcher? Where does she live?

Read and find out.

Last Wednesday evening, my fathet asked, 'What shall we do this weekend?'

'Let's go to Shatt Al Arab,' I said. 'You can see lots of birds there.'

'Oh, Muna. You always want to look at birds,' my brother Ahmed said. 'It's boring.'

'No, it's a good pastime,' my father said.

We went to Shatt Al Arab on Thursday evening. My father and mother stayed in the car and Ahmed and I walked along the beach. The water was full of birds. It was wonderful. There were hundreds of them. I took out my binoculars. I wanted to see them better.



A birdwatcher needs a pair of binoculars and a camera with a long lens.

'What can you see, Muna?' Ahmed asked.

I could see lots of white herons and some small birds. Then I saw a

strange bird. It was standing alone, eating a fish. It was bigger than the others. It had white feathers, but there were some black feathers on its wings. Its beak – birdwatchers say 'bill' – was yellow and its legs were red. 'Ahmed, quick! Take a photo of that big bird,' I said. Suddenly, as I was watching the bird, a boat came by and the bird flew off. I could see black and white patterns on its wings. What was it?

At home, I looked in my books and magazines about birds. There it was! 'The yellow-billed stork. It lives in Africa. There are no records of it in the Arabian Gulf.'



The first yellow-billed stork in Iraq!

I felt very excited. It was the first yellow-billed stork in Iraq! And I had a photograph of it!

Find out about birds in Iraq.

Lesson 1 AB16 10/11

The seasons of the year

10 Listen and read. Then work out what these words mean:

cold

snow

warm

rain

sunny

windy



There are four seasons in England. They are called winter, spring, summer and autumn. In winter, it is always cold and it usually snows.



In spring, it is often warm and it usually rains.



In summer, it is usually sunny and it is sometimes hot.



10°

In autumn, it is cool and it is often windy.

Ask and answer questions about the weather in England.

What's the weather like in summer?

Listen and read. Then answer the question below.

What will the weather be like in London tomorrow?



London - Here is the weather forecast for tomorrow.

It will be cloudy with some rain in the morning. In the afternoon it will be dry and sunny. The temperature will be 18 degrees. It will be cooler in the evening.

Tom and Susan go to school in London. What do you think they will wear tomorrow morning?

The months of the year

Lesson 3

Usten and repeat the names of the months.

1 Listen and read. Learn the poem.

Which country is this?

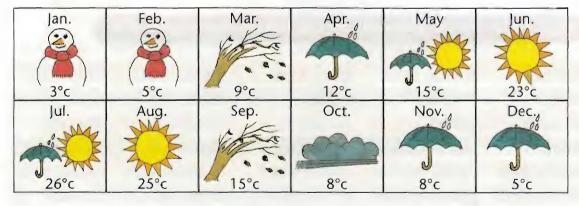
January, February, the weather's cold, But in March and April, ice cream is sold. May is the month when we all have fun -We can swim and play out in the sun. In June, of course, it's very hot, July and August - the worst of the lot. September, October, getting cooler again. November, December, here comes the rain.

Project Make a scrapbook about weather.



The names of the months begin with a capital letter: April July December

Look at the table and answer the questions about England.













- When does it snow?
- Which is the coldest month?
- When is it cloudy?
- Which is the hottest month?
- When is it windy?

Lesson 4

What's the date?

Q14



(a) Listen and read. Learn the rhyme.

DAYS September April June November



DAYS February Each Leap Year

Thirty days has September, April, June and November. All the rest have thirty-one, except February alone with only twenty-eight days clear and twenty-nine in each leap year.

> How many days are there in one year?

> How many days are there in a leap year?



JULY

	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.
		1	2	3	4	5	6
1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
١	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
	21	15 22	23	17 24	18	19	20



Saying and writing dates

We say: The first of July or July the first.

We write: 1st July or 1 July.

Read these aloud. Then say all the dates on the calendar.

first (1st)	second (2nd)	third (3rd)	fourth (4th)	fifth (5th)
sixth	seventh	eighth	ninth	tenth
eleventh	twelfth	thirteenth	fourteenth	fifteenth
sixteenth	seventeenth	eighteenth	nineteenth	twentieth
twenty-first	twenty-second	twenty-third	twenty-fourth	twenty-fifth
twenty-sixth	twenty-seventh	twenty-eighth	twenty-ninth	thirtieth
thirty-first				



Ask and answer.

When is your birthday?

My birthday is the twenty-eighth of February.

How old will you be on your next birthday?

I'll be thirteen.

Iraqi Armed Forces Day is 6th January.

Different schools

Lesson 6

AB7

Read and answer the questions in your Activity Book (Lesson 7).



One afternoon, Yassir was playing in the park. It was December and it was windy. Another boy was playing on a skateboard. He was playing alone. He was not from Iraq.

'Hello,' said Yassir. 'My name's Yassir. Where are you from?'
The other boy was from
England and his name was
Simon. 'My father works in
Basra,' he said. 'I'm on
holiday here.'
'On holiday!' said Yassir.
'Don't you go to school?'
'Yes,' said Simon, 'but we have holidays now.'
'Holidays in December!'

said Yassir.

Simon explained. There are three terms in the school year in England – the autumn term, the spring term and the summet term. The students have two weeks' holiday at Christmas and two weeks' holiday in spring. They also have six weeks' holiday in summer. The school year begins in September.

'And we have one week's holiday in the middle of each term. That's called a half-term holiday,' Simon added. 'What about you?'

'We don't have terms. We have semesters,' Yassir began. 'Some of our holidays are at the same time every year. Iraqi Armed Forces Day, for example. But other holidays are at different times every year. Eid al-Fitr, for example.'

'What's Eid al-Fitr?' asked Simon.

Which holidays are at the same time every year in Iraq?

Tell Simon about your school year.

Lesson 8

AB23/24

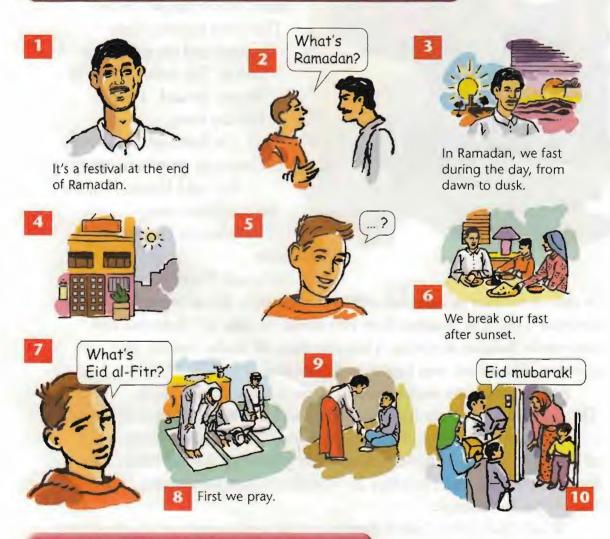
Eid al-Fitr

Yassir's father explains Eid al-Fitr to Simon.



AA Talk about the pictures.

Read aloud and work out what Yassir's father says.



Some Listen and look at the pictures.

Work out the meaning of these words:

festival dawn

dusk

fast

break our fast

Round up

Lesson 7

AB24-26

Now you can do these things:

1 Say what will happen in the future.

Tomorrow morning it will be cold and windy. It will be sunny in the afternoon.

The temperature will be 14 degrees.

I'll be fourteen on my next birthday.

I won't be at school tomorrow morning.



2 Say and write the date.

My birthday is the twenty-first of April. 21st April

My friend's birthday is the fourth of December. 4 December

3 Talk about the seasons in England.

In winter it is always cold.
In spring it usually rains.
In summer it is sometimes hot.
In autumn it is often windy.



4 And you can ...

- talk and write about your school year.
- tell someone about festivals in Iraq.
- say a rhyme to remember the number of days in each month:

Thirty days has September, April, June and November. All the rest ...

January							
М	Т	W	Т	F	S	S	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
29	30	31					

Lesson 10

AB27

New Year's Day in London





The biggest wheel in Europe.

1 What did Yassir see from the top of the big wheel?

2 Was he happy that he went on the London Eye?

Read Yassir's story and find out.

I'll never forget January the first. I was in London with my parents and older sister, Halla. We wanted to go on the London Eye. That's a big wheel that takes you up in the air above London. It is 135 metres high and is next to the River Thames. People say that the view from the top is fantastic. You can see all over London – and London is over 80 kilometres wide.

We went out after breakfast. It was cloudy and cold. There were not many people in the street because the evening before was New Year's Eve, the last day of the old year. On New Year's Eve, people there have a party. They visit friends or walk round the streets. At midnight, they hold hands and sing a special song. They go to bed late.

At the London Eye, we got into one of the cabins. As the door closed, it started to snow.

'Look, Halla! It's snowing,' I shouted.

We started to go up and up. As we went higher and higher, the snow got thicker and thicker. When we reached the top, we could see nothing but snow. We could not see the ground. We could not see the famous view. Only snow. We were in a white cloud.

'Are you frightened, Halla?' I asked.

'No,' she said. 'Are you?' I said nothing. Mum and Dad said nothing. The wheel turned slowly and took us back to the ground. It was still snowing. It snowed all day. No, I'll never forget New Year's Day in London!

Would you like to go on the London Eye?

Good Gwen and Lazy Len

Lesson 1

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👂 📵 Listen and read. Then read aloud.

The Archers live in England. They have two children. Gwen is their daughter and Len is their son. Gwen is 15 years old and Len is 13. Mr and Mrs Archer have asked their children to do some work in the house.



Gwen: I've cooked the rice, Mummy. What next?

Mrs Archer: Have you washed the vegetables?

Gwen: Yes, I have. And I've put them in a bowl.

Mrs Archer: Thank you, Gwen.

Gwen: And I've cooked the chicken.

Mrs Archer: Thank you, Gwen. You're a very good girl.

Here's your pocket money. You can go to

the shops.

Gwen: Thank you, Mummy.

What can Gwen do? Why?

Mr Archer: Have you watered the garden, Len?

Len: No, I haven't. Sorry.

Mr Archer: Have you tidied your room?

Len: No, I haven't.

Mr Archer: Have you washed the car?

Len: No, I haven't.

Mr Archer: You're a lazy boy, Len. You haven't helped

today. So, no television.

Dad! I haven't watched relevision all week!



What can't Len do? Why?



I've cooked = I have cooked.
I haven't washed = I have not washed.

Questions and short answers

Has Gwen cooked the chicken? Has Len washed the car?

Yes, she has. No, he hasn't.

Lesson 3

A18371

I've finished my work

😘 🎯 Sing a song.









I've cleaned the windows and washed the floor. I've swept the path and painted the door. Is there anything else you want me to do? I've finished my work and want something new.

I've tidied my garden and watered the plants. I've talked to my uncles and talked to my aunts. Is there anything else you want me to do? I've finished my work and want something new.







Present perfect tense

I have cleaned the windows. He has not washed the car.

We make the Present perfect tense like this:

have/has + the past participle of the verb

We use it to talk about things that have happened just now, today, this week, this month or this year.

- 1 How many different past participles can you find on pages 21 and 22?
- 2 What do you add to the verb to make a past participle?
- 3 Two past participles are different. Did you find them?

What's the matter?

Lesson 5

AB33=35

What are they saying?

Read and work it out.

What's wrong, Jassim? Why are you angry?

Tamara, why are you upset?

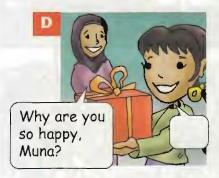






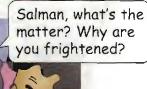








What is it, Zeena? Why are you so excited?





Noora, what's the matter?
Why are you sad?



What's the matter, Jack? Why are you worried?

- 1 I've just read a ghost story.
- 2 Ahmed has gone to the beach without me.
- 3 I feel sick. I've eaten too much chocolate.
- 4 Somebody has taken my elephant.
- 5 I've forgotten my English books.
- 6 Somebody has drunk all the lemonade.
- 7 Dad phoned. He's bought me a new computer.
- 8 Daddy has given me a present.

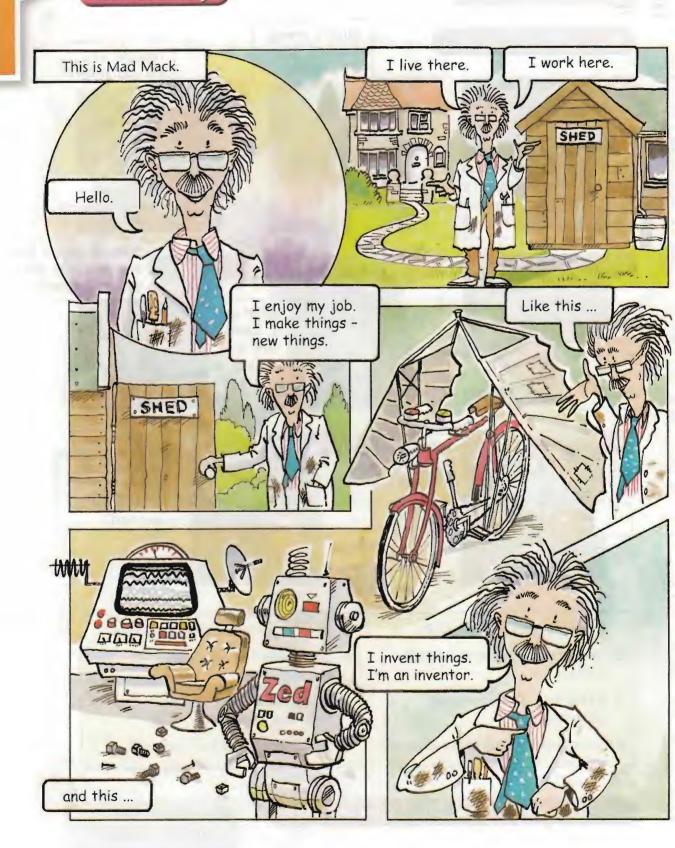
🕞 🐵 Now listen and check your answers.

Project Make a scrapbook about moods and feelings.

Lesson 6

Mad Mack

Read the story.

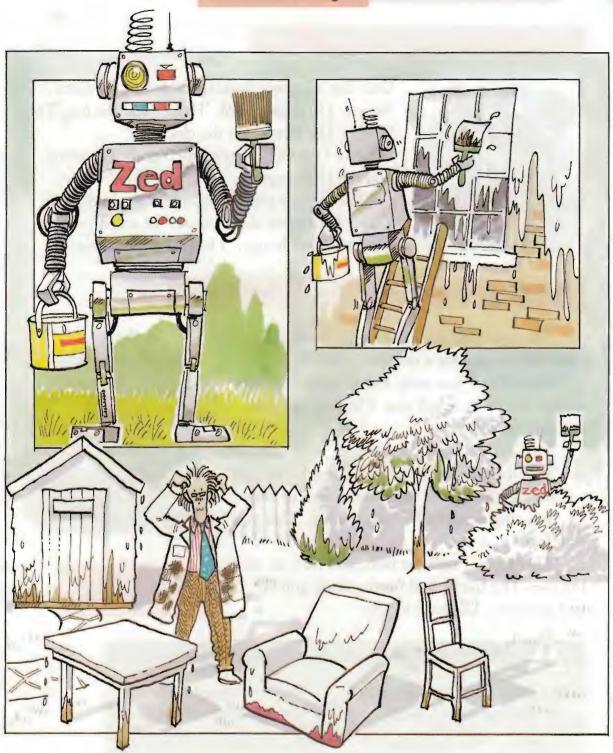


Mack's robot

Lesson 6

481

What is Zed doing?



What has Zed done?

Now answer the questions in your Activity Book.

Lesson 7

AB36-38

The hungry fox



Read the story and answer the questions.

Why did the fox want to find the chickens?



One day, a fox was looking for food on a farm. He saw a bird on a shed. 'Hello,' said the fox. 'I'm hungry. Have you seen the chickens?'

'No, I haven't. They're my friends. Go away!' said the bird angrily.

The fox saw some meat under the bird's foot. 'Can I have some meat, please?' he asked politely. 'I'm very, very hungry. I haven't eaten today.'

What did the fox tell the bird? Do you believe the fox?

'No, you can't. It's mine,' said the bird. The fox thought for a minute.

'Um – Have you sung today?' asked the fox slowly. 'I haven't heard you. They tell me you can sing very well.'

'That's right,' said the bird.

'Sing for me, please,' said the fox.

'All right,' said the bird, and began to sing.

'You sing beautifully,' said the fox. 'Can you sing from that tree?'

'Thank you,' said the bird, and flew up to the tree. The fox picked up the meat quickly and ran away, laughing loudly.



Why was the fox laughing?



Adverbs of manner

The bird's song was beautiful. The fox had a loud laugh.

The bird sang beautifully.
The fox laughed loudly,

Adverbs of manner tell us how somebody does something. We add by to the adjective to make most of them.

Be careful! 'y' sometimes changes to 'i'.

Example: He was angry. He shouted angrily.

Different adverbs: He has a fast car. He drives fast.

She is a good singer. She sings well.

Once upon a time ...

Lesson 8

AB39/40

Look at the pictures. Do you know this story?

Listen to the story and put the pictures in order.



Which of these does the story tell you?

- Do not laugh at people.
- Do not tell a lie.
- Wolves are dangerous.

Round up

AB40/41

Now you can do these things:

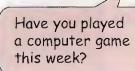
1 Talk about things you have done or have not done recently.





We haven't finished our homework.

2 Ask and answer questions about things you have done.



Yes, I have.

Have you watched television today?

No, I haven't.

3 Ask questions about how people are.

What's the matter?

What's wrong?

What is it?

Why are you so sad?

4 Talk about how people do things.

Huda sings beautifully.

Ahmed speaks English well.

He walked home slowly.

5 And you have ...

- sung a song.
- used pictures to tell a story.
- written a story.

Khalid and the key

STIME

Lesson 10

AB4

Read the story and answer the questions.

Why did Uncle Rashid take Khalid and his father home?

One day Khalid went fishing with his father. When they got to the beach, Uncle Rashid's car was already there. He was waiting for them on his boat. Khalid's father gave Khalid the car key. 'Look after this, please, Khalid,' he said. 'I'll be busy. Don't lose it.'

'No, Dad,' said Khalid.
He put the key round his neck on some string. They sailed out to sea and Uncle Rashid and Khalid's father started fishing.



Khalid put the key round his neck.

'I've caught one!' said Uncle Rashid. 'Me too,' said Khalid's father. They both caught two more. Then ...

'Help! Quickly, Khalid. Help me. This one is huge!' Khalid helped his father pull the huge fish into the boat.

'OK,' said Uncle Rashid. 'That's enough fish. Let's go back.'

They sailed back to the beach. Khalid's father said, 'The key, please, Khalid.'

Khalid put his hand to his neck. 'It's



Khalid helped his father pull the huge fish into the boat.

gone! The key's gone! I've lost it,' he said. 'Oh, no!'

They looked inside the boat and on the beach. They looked in the sand near the car. The key wasn't there.

'I'm sorry, Dad,' said Khalid. 'I'm very sorry.'

'All right, Khalid. Don't worry,' said his father. 'I have another key at home.'

'Perhaps the fish has eaten it,' said Uncle Rashid. They all laughed.

'Right, let's go home,' Rashid said.
'We'll come back for your car tomorrow.'

Khalid's mother was very pleased with the big fish. 'I'll cook it for dinner,' she said. 'Can you cut it up, please, Khalid?'

'Yes, Mum,' said Khalid sadly.

'Khalid, don't worry,' said his father. 'It was only a car key. Now cut up the fish.'

Khalid was cutting up the fish when suddenly, he stopped. 'Dad! Dad!' he shouted. 'I've found something!'

What has Khalid found?



Lesson 1

Lazy Len's day

Vocabulary tip – how to remember words

Collect words in groups in your notebook. For example, you can collect:

- nouns: the names of food, buildings, ...
- adjectives: to describe feelings, places, ...
- adverbs: that tell you how, or how often people do things.

AA Talk about what Len did yesterday. Use the pictures and an adverb from the box to make sentences.

Example: He sang badly.

badly carefully easily loudly angrily noisily slowly politely quickly quietly beautifully



















😩 Play this game.

The game is called Word chains. One student says a word, for example, breakfast. Each student has to think of a word that goes with the one before. Try to play the game quickly.









You can use these words to start the game: beach park trainers dinner

Khalid's birthday present

Lesson 3

27

Read and work out the conversation.

Ahmed is at school with his friend, Jassim. Ahmed is feeling happy, but Jassim is angry – at first.





Punctuation

I This is an exclamation mark. It shows that the speaker ... is giving an order, or is surprised, or is speaking loudly, or is happy about something.

Ahmed: Hey, Jassim! Don't forget.

It's Khalid's birthday tomorrow.

Jassim:

1

Ahmed: What's the matter? Why are you angry?

Jassim:

2

Ahmed: Oh, Jassim! When did you lose it?

Tassim:

3

Ahmed: What did you want to get him?

Jassim:

4

Ahmed: I've just bought him a model plane.

Jassim:

5

Ahmed: Hey! Hang on! What's that on

the teacher's desk?

Jassim:

6

What did Jassim say?

- a) I've no idea. Yesterday afternoon in the Mall, I think.
- b) I haven't fotgotten. The tenth of January.
- c) Fantastic! I lost it here. We'll go shopping after school. Great!
- d) I haven't bought him a present and I've lost my wallet.
- e) I can't get him anything now.
- f) A model plane, of course. What do you think?

5 6

Listen and check. A.A. Then practise the conversation.

Speaking tip 2

When you act the conversation, think about how the boys feel. Try to copy how they speak on the audio.

Lesson 5

AB49

The monkey in the café

Reading tip 1

When you read, you will find some words that you don't understand. This is not a problem. You can often work out what they mean. Look for clues in the same sentence or in other sentences.

Work out the meaning of the red words.

- 1 The amusement park is very popular. A lot of people go there every day.
- 2 When I went to England last winter, it was freezing. I had to buy more clothes to keep warm.
- 3 Stubbs is a very famous English artist. He painted many pictures of horses.
- 4 Luckily, I saw the car coming before I started to cross the road.

Use the new words in sentences.

A. Read this story and work out the meaning of the red words. Look for clues.

One day Muna was having lunch in the café with her mother and father. Suddenly a monkey came in through the door. Muna was frightened.

'Look, Mummy!' she screamed. 'A gorilla!'

'No, no, Muna. It's not a gorilla. It's just a little monkey,' said Mrs Saif. She wanted to calm Muna down.

The monkey stayed near the door. It was very thin.

'It's starving,' said Mr Saif. 'It wants some food.'
Suddenly the monkey jumped up onto their table and grabbed a burger from Mr Saif's plate.

'Hey! Stop that!' he shouted.



The monkey leapt over to another table and grabbed some salad. All the waiters chased the monkey, but they could not catch it. It knocked over a table and all the drinks spilled onto the floor. It threw food everywhere and then escaped through the door. All the people in the café helped tidy up the mess.

'Where did it come from?' asked Mr Saif.

Writing a story

Lesson 7

AB52

Yassir had to use these pictures to write a story. Read his story.



What do you think of the story?

We were in the desert. We were thirsty. We found some water. Then we saw a snake. It bit my friend. I called the police. A dactor came.

It's not very interesting.

It's boring.



How do I make it interesting? How can I make it better?

Yassir's teacher asked these questions:

Who and why?
Why?
What was it like?
What did it look like?
Who? How did he feel?
When? How did you feel?
What happened next?

We were in the desert.

We were thirsty.

We found water.

Then we saw a snake.

It bit my friend. I called the police.

A doctor came.

Can you answer the teacher's questions?

Writing tip 3

When you write a story, try to paint a picture. Use adjectives and adverbs so that the reader can see what happened. Choose your words carefully.

Lesson 1

AB54 ₩28

Other countries

AA Talk about the pictures. Which countries do you think the pictures show?



France

India

Oman

Japan

AA Where do you think they come from?



₩

Listen and check your answers.

Ask and answer the questions.





Which countries have the other students in your class been to?

Find out.



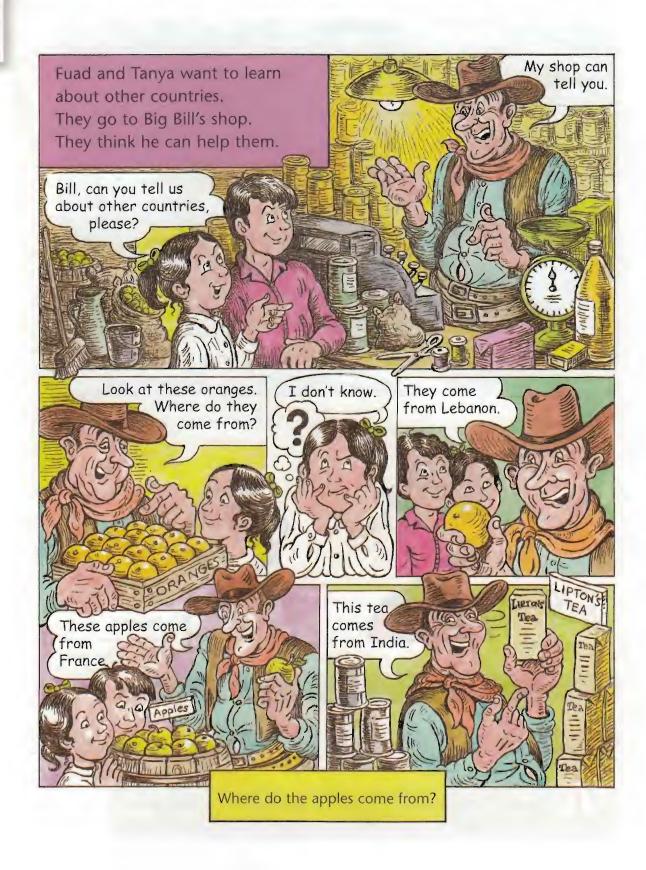
Jassim has gone to London. = Jassim is in London now. Jassim has been to London. = Jassim is now back home.

Lesson 2

AB54/55

Big Bill

B Listen and read. Then read and answer the questions.



Lesson 2

AB\$4/\$5

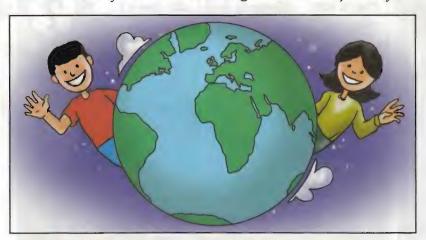


Lesson 4

AB58 ₩30

We've been everywhere

Jassim and Dalia have been everywhere. They've written a song about their journeys.



Project Make a scrapbook about famous places.

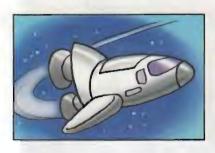




I've been to England and I've been to France, I've been to Australia, too.
I've been to America and I've been to Japan,
What about you?

I've been to India and I've been to Oman, I've also been to Spain.

I've been to Africa and I've been to Wales, But now I'm home again.



I've been in a rocket and I've been on a boat, I've also been in a plane. I've been round the world and I've been to the moon, But now I'm home again.

I've been to the mountains and I've been to the lake, I've also been to the sea.
I'm going to the beach and I'm going to the farm,
Are you coming with me?

AA Read the words of each verse of the song aloud. Try to put in your own words.

Four countries

Lesson 5

AB59/60

Read about these countries and do the exercises in your Activity Book.

INDIA

India is a big country with a huge population. About one thousand million people live there.

Agriculture is the most important part of the economy. The people are mainly farmets and they grow rice, tea, cotton and many other things. There is also quite a lot of industry. They make cars, buses and clothes.

Visitors to India can do lots of things. They can ride elephants, look at wild animals and climb mountains.





OMAN

Oman is not very big and it has quite a small population. The oil industry is important, but agriculture is more important. Most people work as farmers or fishermen. The farmers grow fruit and vegetables.

Visitors to Oman can buy jewellery and visit interesting old forts. They can also go swimming, sailing and climbing.





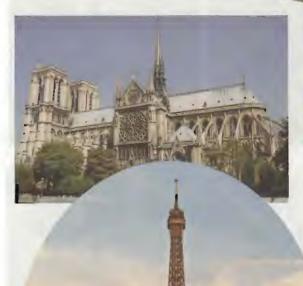
Lesson 5 AB59/60

Four countries

JAPAN

Japan is not a very big country, but it has a large population. Industry is very important. Japan makes cars, computers and all kinds of things for the home. The farmers grow rice and vegetables.

Japan is very interesting for visitors. They can see old temples and beautiful gardens. They can also go shopping in big modern stores.



FRANCE

France is a big country, but the population is quite small. Industry and agriculture are both important. They make cars and planes and grow a lot of fruit and vegetables.

France is famous for its shops and restaurants. It also has many interesting



museums and old buildings. Some people say that France is the most beautiful country in Europe.

Have you ever been to Indonesia?

Lesson 7

AB63

AA Talk about the pictures. Work out the meaning of the new words.



An ape - the man of the woods



Pepper, coffee and rubber



Long, sandy beaches



Old temples



The Istiqlal Mosque, Jakarta



The country of a thousand islands



One of our famous volcanoes



Bird of paradise

Some Listen and number the pictures in the order you hear about them.

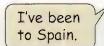
Lesson 9

AB65/66

Round up

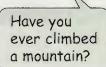
Now you can do these things:

1 Talk about things you have done or have not done in your life.



I've never ridden a horse.

2 Ask and answer questions about what people have done up to now and exactly when.

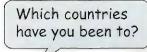


Yes, I have. Have you ever flown in a plane?

No, I haven't. I've never flown in a plane.

- Have you ever seen an accident? (at any time up to now)
- O Yes, I have.
- When did you see one? (at what time)
- O I saw an accident last week.

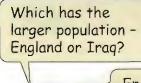
3 Ask questions with a preposition at the end.



I have been to Scotland, England and Bahrain. What did he talk about?

He talked about his holiday in France.

4 Compare countries.



England.

Which is bigger - Indonesia or Bahrain?

Indonesia.

Which country has the largest population in the world?

China.

5 Compare places.

The mountains in Iraq are more beautiful than the mountains in Jordan. The most beautiful mountains in Iraq are near Mosul.

- 6 And you can ...
 - say where things and people come from.
 - talk and write about your own country and other countries.

Where have you been?

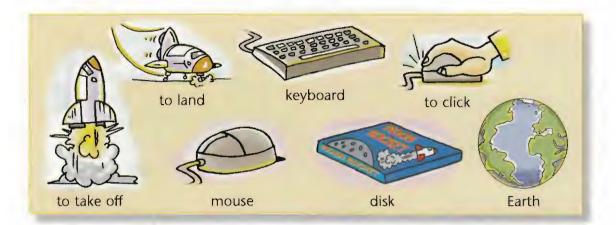
STAN

Lesson 10

AB67

Shatha played a computer game. How long did she play?

Read and find out.



Shatha was working on her computer in her room. Her mother shouted from the hall. 'Shatha, what are you doing? It's your favourite programme at 8 o'clock.'

'Homework, Mum,' said Shatha.

'Oh, well, come to the sitting room when you've finished.'
Shatha wrote two more words.

'Right,' she thought. 'That's that. I've done all my homework. I'll play this new game – *Moon Rocket*.' She picked up a disk and put it into the computer. She had to fly to the moon in a rocket.

Shatha's rocket took off. Danger left! A monster! Click on mouse. Dead. Next, danger right! A meteor! 'Quick,' thought Shatha. 'Use the keyboatd.' Bang! Go on!

'Answer this question,' said a voice. Shatha read a question on the computer screen.

Which is the longest river in the world?

- A The Mississippi
- B The Nile
- C The Amazon

'Click on B,' thought Shatha. There were more monsters, more meteors, more questions, then these words – 'Congratulations! Land on the moon.' Shatha's rocket landed on the moon very slowly. The computer showed pictures of the moon. There were dead volcanoes and huge deserts. In the sky was Earth – our home.

'That was fun,' thought Shatha, and turned the computer off. She went to the sitting room.

'Shatha!' said her father. 'Where have you been? It's 10 o'clock. You've missed your favourite programme.'

'Oh,' said Shatha. 'I've been to the moon.'

Lesson 1

A Japanese pen-friend

Fuad wanted a pen-friend. He advertised in a magazine for young people. He got this letter from a boy in Japan.

Read the letter and answer the questions in your Activity Book.

PO Box 261, Soma, Honshu, Japan 12th April

Dear Fuad.

I read your name in a magazine. Would you like to be my pen-friend? I hope so. I am a Japanese boy and I am thirteen years old. As you can see, I live in a small town called Soma. My house is very near the sea. My favourite pastimes are fishing and collecting stamps.

What is Iraq like? Japan is not very big, but it is very beautiful. There are a number of large cities as well as small towns and villages. We have many mauntains, rivers and lakes. Japan is very green because it rains a lot in summer. The wettest month is September. In winter it is very cold and sometimes it snows.

Would you like to visit Japan one day? There are lots of interesting things to see and do. For example, you can visit Disneyland, go to a boseball match or learn to do judo. You can also visit lovely gardens or go to see a traditional Japanese play.

Please write and tell me all obout yourself and your country.

Yours.

Yuki Ono

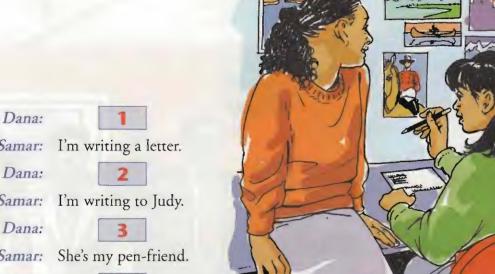
Would you like a pen-friend? From which country? Why?

Project Make a scrapbook about **pen-friends**.

Samar's pen-friend

Lesson 3

Read and work out the conversation.



Samar: I'm writing a letter.

Samar: I'm writing to Judy.

Samar:

Dana:

Samar: In Canada, She's Canadian,

Dana:

I advertised in a magazine Samar: for a pen-friend.

Samar: Of course you can.

Dana:

Dana:

Samar: Of course they don't. They come from countries all over the world.

Dana:

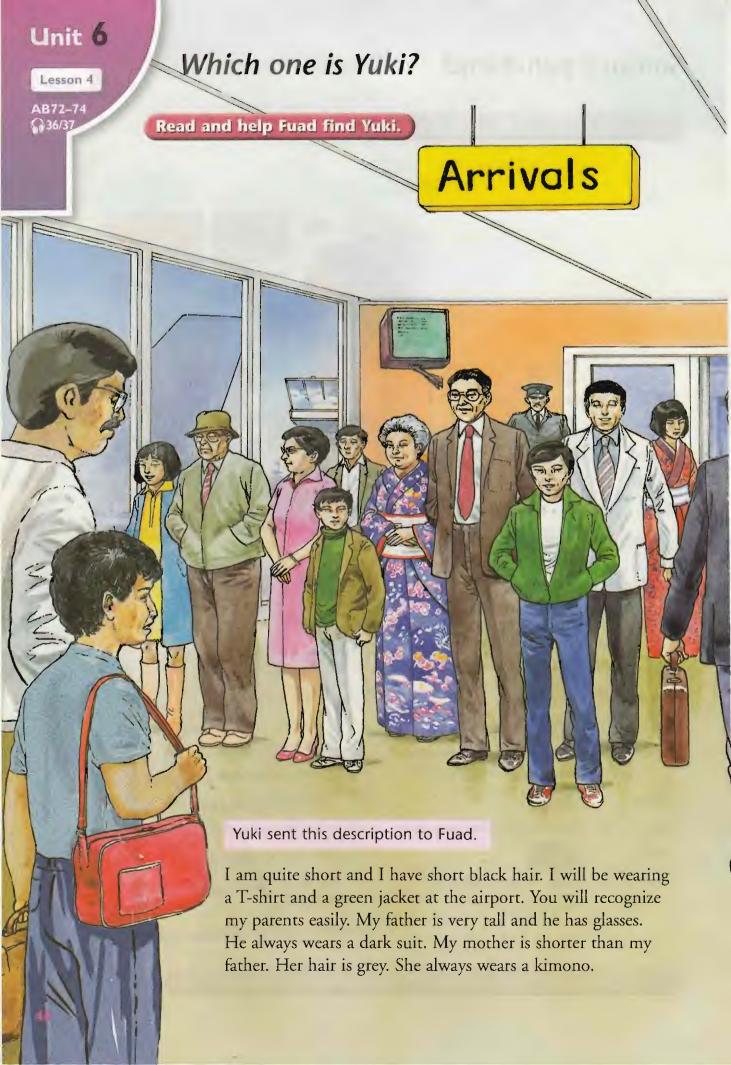
Yes, they are. Judy sent them to me.

Dana:

Samar: Yes, I have. I'll get it for you.

What did Dana say?

- a) Where does she live?
- b) And do all pen-friends come from Canada?
- c) Who's Judy?
- d) Have you got the name of the magazine?
- What are you doing, Samar?
- How did you find her?
- Who are you writing to? g)
- Oh, can I do that too?
- Are those photographs of Canada?



Fuad meets Yuki

Lesson 5

AB74/75

Listen and read. A Then practise the introductions.





Yuki: Hello, are you Fuad?

Fuad: Yes. And you must be Yuki.

Hello.

Yuki: How do you do? Come and

meet my parents.

Yuki introduced Fuad to his parents at the airport. Then they all went to Yuki's uncle's house by car. Yuki's father drove the car on the left. On the way, Fuad noticed many other strange things. Some people were wearing traditional clothes. The signs above the shops were in Japanese. Fuad could not understand a word, but it was a very interesting journey.

Yuki: This is my father. Dad, this

is Mr Salim and this is Fuad.

Fuad: How do you do, sir?

Mr Ono: How do you do?

You are very welcome.

At the house Fuad and his uncle met the rest of Yuki's family. Yuki's uncle is a huge man. At first, Fuad was a little afraid of him, but Mr Mitsubishi was very kind and friendly. Yuki's brother, Giro, is sixteen. He is tall, thin and very quiet. His sister, Reiko, is the opposite. She is seven and she talks a lot. She spoke to Fuad in Japanese because she does not speak English. She laughs a lot too. Everyone was very friendly.

Lesson 6

AB76

Fuad's first meal in Japan

Listen and read. AA Then look for differences between Japan and Iraq.





Mrs Ono: Come and eat, Fuad.

Are you hungry?

Fuad: Yes, I am. But where

do I sit?

Yuki: We don't sit on chairs when we eat. We kneel on the floor, like this.

Fuad: I see. We sit on the floor in

my house.





Mrs Ono: Let's eat then.

Fuad: What are these?

Yuki: Chopsticks. In Japan we always eat with chopsticks.

Fuad: Oh! In my country we usually eat with knives, forks and spoons.





Fuad: It's harder with chopsticks.

Yuki: You'll learn.

Fuad: Or I'll be hungry!

Fuad: This is very nice fish. How do you cook it?

Mrs Ono: We don't cook it.

This is raw fish. We eat

it with a sauce.





Fuad: Really! At home my mother

always cooks the fish.

Mrs Ono: Well, sometimes

I cook fish, but I like

it this way.

Fuad: Do you cook the meat?

Mrs Ono: Of course. We always cook meat. Have some of these

vegetables.

Fuad: Oh, thanks. Well, it's

different from home, but it

tastes nice.

AAA Practise the conversation.

Lesson 7

AB77

A postcard from Fuad

Fuad sent a postcard from Japan to his friend, Salih, in Basra.

Read the postcard. A.A. Then answer the questions.

Hi Salih,

Japan is wonderful. Yuki's family have been really kind. They ve taken me everywhere. I've visited Disneyland. That was fantastic. I've also been to a traditional Japanese play. I didn't understand a word, but it was interesting to see. Japanese food is delicious. I've even tried some raw fish and it was quite good.

I've bought a new camera for you. I hope you'll like it.

See you soon.

Fuad

Salih Al Wasiti P.O. Box 437 Basra IRAQ

- 1 How does Fuad feel about his holiday? Which words in his postcard tell you this?
- 2 Note down the things he has done in Japan. Which did he like best, next best, and so on?

Discuss your answers with the class.

You are going to hear someone reading this postcard. Which country do you think it is from?



In this Unit you have done these things:

1 Described people.

He's very tall and thin.

He's short and plump.

He has grey hair.

He wears glasses.

She has long, dark hair.

She's wearing a white blouse and a blue skirt.

2 Practised introductions.



How do you do?

3 Talked about things that will happen in the future and continue for some time.

All continuous tenses describe something that goes on for some time.

Examples:

- a) Yesterday, I was watching TV when Abla rang me. (Past continuous)
- b) I'm sitting here thinking about what I'd like to eat. (Present continuous)
- c) At this time on Thursday I will be playing basketball. (Future continuous)

4 And you have ...

Listening: made notes of details you have heard.

Reading: worked out meanings of words; worked out how someone

feels because of the words he/she used; developed

understanding of paragraphs.

Writing: written a letter and a postcard and tried to make your

writing interesting to the person reading it.

• Project: made plans to find a pen-friend, chosen the country you

want a pen-friend in and found out about the country.

Maybe you have found a pen-friend.

Lesson 10
AB81
A2

A wolf in the forest



After a plane crash, a family were lost in a forest. What happened to them?



John Harper, a Canadian, was flying his small plane. With him were his wife, Clare, and his two children, Lucy, aged four and Ben, aged nine. They were flying over a forest. Suddenly, the engine stopped.

'What's the matter? Why has the engine stopped?' asked Clare.

'I don't know,' said John. He tried to start it again, but nothing happened.

'It's no good,' said John. 'It won't start. We're going down.'

John was lucky. He found a clear place between the trees and landed the plane. Nobody was hurt. They climbed out and looked around.

'Where are we?' asked Clare.
'I don't know,' answered John.
'Well, we can't stay here,' said
Clare. 'Which way do we go?'

'Hey, Dad! Look!' said Ben. He pointed to some trees. 'There's a big dog up there near the trees.'

'That's not a dog. It's a wolf,' said John.

'Is it dangerous?' asked Clare.

'No,' said John. 'Wolves don't hurt people.'

The wolf came towards them, then moved away, came towards them again and moved away again.

'I think he wants us to follow him,' said Ben.

'Well, I don't know where we are. Maybe he does,' said John. 'Let's follow him.'

They followed the wolf through the trees. Every now and again, the wolf stopped, looked at them and then moved off again. After about two hours, they came to a road. Just off the road was a village.

'Thank God,' said John.
'We can phone from the village.'

'Dad, where's the wolf?' asked Ben. They looked around, but the wolf was not there anymore.

Lesson 1

AB86

Instructions

AA Talk about the pictures. Then read and match the instructions to the pictures.











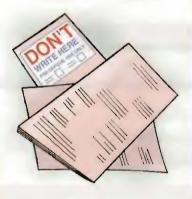


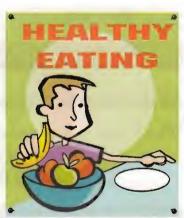
D











- 1 Keep off the grass.
- 2 Don't write in this space.
- 3 Add water and mix with the flour.
- 4 Eat plenty of fruit and vegetables.
- 5 Don't leave keys in the car.
- 6 Don't put hot plates on the table.

Look for warnings at home, in the street, in the park.

Lesson 2

AB86/87

Warnings to children

AA Talk about the pictures and work out the meaning of new words.



Now answer these questions.

All the things in the pictures can be dangerous for children.

Which ones ... can make them sick?

... can hurt them badly?

... can kill rhem?

Read these warnings and match them to the pictures.

- 1 Put thar down! You'll cut yourself.
- 2 Don't drink that! You'll make yourself sick.
- 3 Don't go in the pool alone! You'll drown yourself.
- 4 Don't play with matches! You'll burn yourself.
- 5 Don't touch those! You'll cut yourself.
- 6 Don't put that on your head! You'll kill yourself.

AA Talk to your partner and check your answers.

Warnings to parents

Lesson 3

AB87/88

AA Read the posters and try to work out the meaning of new words.

Where do most accidents happen? In the street? On the beach? At school?

NO!

Most accidents happen at home.

DON'T LET ACCIDENTS HAPPEN IN YOUR HOME!

1

Always keep of the reach of the reach of the reach of

2



3

Always keep knives away from shildren.

4

Never let children play in pools along.



5



6

Always keep plastic bags out of the reach of children.



Lesson 4

AB88

Going fishing

Listen and read. Then read and answer the questions in your Activity Book.

Mazin has a shop near the sea in Um Qasr. When people want to go fishing, they can buy or hire everything they need in his shop. Khalid and Ahmed are going fishing. They are in Mazin's shop.



Mazin: What will you do if the boat

sinks?

Ahmed: If the boat sinks, we'll swim.

Mazin: Yes, but you'll need these life

jackets.

Ahmed: Oh, yes. Thanks.

Mazin: What will you do if you get

ost:

Khalid: If we get lost, we'll use a

compass.

Mazin: Right. Here you are.

One compass.

Khalid: Thanks.

Mazin: Now, what will you do if the

motor stops?

Ahmed: If the motor stops, we'll row.

Mazin: OK. So you'll need oars, won't

you?

Ahmed: Oh, yes.

Mazin: Right. One pair of oars.

I think you'll be safe now.

Khalid: How much is that, Mazin?

Mazin: Let me see ... Well, if you

take me fishing, I'll give you

everything free.

Khalid: Fantastic! Let's go!

AAA Read the conversation aloud.

Danger!

Unit 7

Lesson 7

AB92/93 ₩ 44

Read and work out the conversation.

Mum: Saeed, where's Amal?

Saeed:

1

Mum: Have you seen her?

Saeed:

2

Mum: Did she go into

the garden with you?

Saeed:

3

Mum: Oh, no!

Saeed:

4

Mum: The bathroom!

Saeed:

5

Mum: I've filled the bath

with very hot water.

Saeed:

6

Mum: Run! Run!

Saeed:





What did Saeed say?

- a) What's the matter, Mum?
- b) I'll go and look.
- c) She was in the sitting room two minutes ago.
- d) I've got her, Mum. She's OK.
- e) I don't know.
- f) What about the bathroom?
- g) No, she didn't.

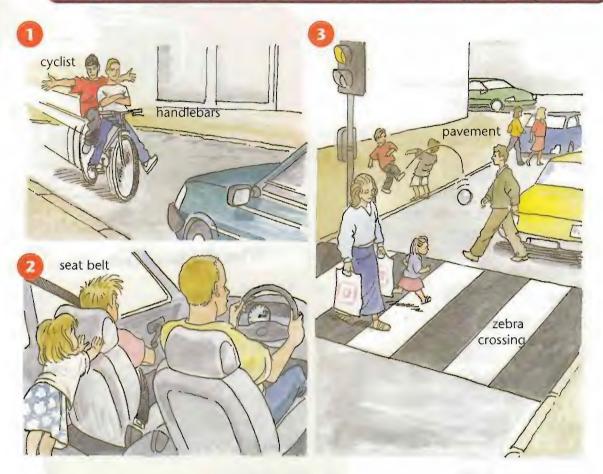


Listen and check. A Then practise the conversation.

Lesson 8 AB94/95 A5/46

Road safety

Look at these three pictures. How many dangers can you see?



Why is the crossing called a zebra crossing?

Which picture is this?

There are three things wrong. Two boys are riding on one bicycle. They are cycling on the wrong side of the road. Nobody is holding the handlebars.

All Now talk about the other two pictures in the same way.

These streets are in England. Are they different from the streets in Iraq? Do you ever see any of these dangers in Iraq?

Project Make a scrapbook about staying safe.

1 Give instructions.

Cut the page along that line. Hold the knife in your right hand. Hold the fish with your left hand.

Now you can do these things:

2 Give orders.

Open the window, please. Drink this medicine. It's good for you.

3 Give warnings.

Don't pick up that broken glass. You'll cut yourself. Never get into a very hot bath. You'll burn yourself. Always look before you cross the street.

4 Use reflexive pronouns.

I bought myself a new camera yesterday. Did you hurt yourself when you fell? She cut herself with a sharp knife. We enjoyed ourselves at the park.

5 Use if sentences.

If the phone rings, I'll answer it. We'll go home if it starts to rain. They'll lose the match if they don't try harder.

6 And you can ...

- read warnings and instructions at home, in shops and in the street.
- identify dangers in the street and give people warnings.

Lesson 10

AB97

Danger at sea





It was a lovely, sunny day. The sea was calm and quiet. Tom and Dave decided to go fishing. When they got to the boat, they put the oars, their food and water into it.

'Where's your life jacket?' asked Tom.

'It's at home,' said Dave. 'I forgot it.'

'If you don't have a life jacket, you won't come in my boat,' said Tom.

'Don't be silly,' replied Dave. 'I won't need it. The weather is beautiful.'

'I don't like it,' said Tom. 'The weather can change.'

Tom phoned the coastguards on his mobile phone and told them

where they were going. Then they got into the boat, started the motor and set off. They had a good morning's fishing. Early in the afternoon, the sky got black and dark.

'I don't like that sky,' said Tom.

'We're going home.'

'I agree,' said Dave. 'Start the motor.'

But the motor wouldn't start. They got out the oars and tried to row, but the wind got stronger and stronger and the waves got bigger and bigger. Suddenly, a huge wave lifted the boat up and turned it over. Tom and Dave found themselves in the water.

'Hang on, Dave,' shouted Tom.
'I'm coming!' Tom reached Dave
and pulled him over to the upturned
boat. They held onto the boat and
waited for help.

About three hours later, they heard a noise and looked up. There was a coastguard helicopter in the sky above them. Soon they were in it. They sat there, cold and wet, wrapped in blankets.

'Thanks, Tom,' said Dave. 'You

saved my life.'

'That's all right,' said Tom. 'But next time you come in my boat, you'll wear a life jacket.'

'Yes, of course I will,' said Dave. 'But how did they know where to look for us?'

Can you answer Dave's question?



Pronunciation

How to ask and answer Yes/No questions:

The voice goes up at the end of the question and down at the end of the answer.

Listen and copy these questions and answers.

Ves, I can.

Ves, I can.

Yes, of
computer?

Yes, of
course I can.

No, I can't.



No, I haven't.

Yes, I have.

Ask and answer questions about the things in the pictures.

One person listens and corrects the pronunciation. Take turns.



been in a balloon



to a football match



played tennis



on a plane



ridden a camel



basketball



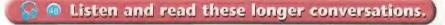
on a jet ski



horse



made a cake



- A: Can you use a computer?
- B: No, I can't.
- A: Would you like to?
- B: Oh, yes! I'd love to.
- A: Can you use a computer?
- B: No, I can't.
- C: I can. It's easy.
- D: And it's fun too.

Now make longer conversations. Use your own ideas.

Lesson 3

AB101/102

Pen-friends

Read and answer these questions. Try to find the answers faster than your partner.

Reading tip 2

To find information quickly, look for clues in the questions.

- 1 What are their names? What do people's names begin with?
- 2 Are they boys or girls? Look for one of these words.
- 3 How old are they? Look for a number.
- 4 Which countries are they from? What do names of countries begin with?

Will you be my pen-friend?



My name is Rona. I'm looking for a pen-friend. I'd like her to be a girl

like myself, but a little bir older. I'm eleven and I'm Canadian. Our country is very big, but not many people live here. Maybe that's because the winters ate very, very cold. I like taking photographs. In fact, it's my main pastime. Last winter I rook a photograph of a polar bear. I'm sending it to the magazine. I hope they print it.



I'm Josh.
I live in
California
on the
south-west
coast of
America.

I'm thirteen years old. I'd like a pen-friend anywhere in the world, boy or girl. I like riding the waves on my surfboard. When I'm not doing that, I meet my friends at the Mall. I also like cars, but I'm too young ro drive. I can't wait until I'm sixteen. Please write to me. I'll answer all letters.



surfing the Net

My name is Hans. I live in Munich, a city in Germany. I have four

sisters, two older than me and two younger. I'm thirteen and I'm the only boy in the family. When I'm not at school, I spend a lot of time on my computer, playing computer games and

surfing the Internet. I also spend a lot of time in the kitchen because I like cooking. Please write ro me or, if you have a computer, send me an email.



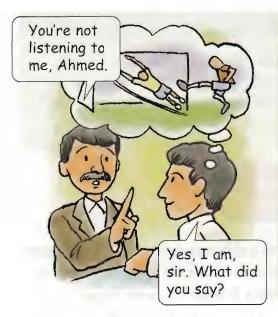
I'm a fourteenyear-old girl from Delhi, the capital of India. My

name is Nasreen. I'd like a pen-friend from anywhere in the world. My pastimes are listening to music, collecting stamps and growing flowers in the garden. When I grow up, I want to be a doctor. I also want to travel to other parts of the world.

Send your replies to us and we'll send them on for you. Pen-friends, Teen Magazine.

Keep listening!

AB103/104



Listening tip 1

Listening can be hard work. You have to do it yourself. Nobody else can do it for you. Do you sometimes stop listening? Do you sometimes think of other things?

- What do you expect to hear? Are there any clues?
- If you don't understand a word, or miss something, don't stop listening. Perhaps it won't matter. Perhaps you can guess the word.

On the radio, some people are talking about *Our World Today*. They talk about the subjects in these pictures.



Can I have a mobile phone, Dad?









Daddy, I was watching that!

🚱 📵 Now listen and check your ideas.

Listen again. What do the speakers say about these things? Make notes. Then compare your notes with the rest of the class.

First, copy these headings:

Good points

Bad points

- 1 Food
- 2 Cars, planes
- 3 Information on TV, Internet
- 4 Mobile phones

What do you think about these things? Which of the speakers do you agree with?

Lesson 6
AB105/106

A different kind of holiday

Reading tip 3

- Before you start reading, ask yourself What is it about?
 Are there any clues in the title? Are there any pictures?
- Then read the story quite quickly and check your ideas. If you don't know the meaning of some words, **don't stop**. Keep reading!

Look at the pictures and talk about your ideas. Then read quickly and check.



I usually go on holiday to a different province in my country, Iraq, that I've never been to before. Last summer, I went to Emadiya in Duhok. It was a holiday I'll never forget!

One day, I was driving my car high up in the mountains. When I saw a parking place, I stopped the car and got out to look at the view. I walked to the edge of the road and looked down into the valley below. The view was lovely. I was enjoying the scenery and the quiet, when I heard a dog barking. The next thing I knew, a huge dog was rushing at me. I stepped back, of course, and suddenly I was falling, falling down the hillside. Over and over I rolled, hitting rocks, stones and trees. I tried to stop myself, but the hill was too steep. I just fell faster and faster. 'This is it,' I thought. 'I'll be dead soon.' Then everything went black.

Is he dead?

When I opened my eyes, I was in agony. My head, my legs, my back – everything hurt. And I was moving! Two men were carrying me. 'Where am I?' I asked. 'Where are we going?'

'Calm down! Calm down!' said one of the men.

'Where are you taking me?' I shouted.

'To hospital,' said the other man.

'Oh, great!' I thought. My head hurts. And my arm. In fact, every bit of me hurts. The hospital! The hospital! Sounds like ...' Everything went black again.

Where is he going? What do you think happens next?

AA Talk about your ideas. Then read the rest of the story in your Activity Book.

Transcript

Unit 1 Lesson 1

Q 1

Presenter: Band 1

Ahmed: Did you go away in the

holidays?

Faisal: Yes, I went to a village by

the river.

Ahmed: What did you do there?

Faisal: Oh, I went swimming every

day. And I went fishing. It

was great!

Presenter: Band 2

Rasha: Did you go away in the

holidays?

Huda: No, Muna and I stayed at

home.

Rasha: What did you do all the

time?

Huda: Oh, lots of things. I saw my

friends every day. And I

made some clothes.

Rasha: And what did you do,

Muna?

Muna: Not very much. I got up

late every day. And I read

lots of books. Oh, and I

learned to cook.

Unit 1 Lesson 2

€ 2

Presenter: Richard went to Iraq in the holidays. He took these photographs and put them in his scrapbook. He is telling a friend about his holiday. Listen. Richard: I went to Iraq with my family in the holidays. I

took lots of photos and I've put some in my scrapbook.

We arrived in Baghdad at night, so we just went to

bed in our hotel.

Next day, we toured the

city. In the afternoon, there

was a football match at Al-Shaab Stadium. My father,

my sisters and I really

enjoyed the game.

The players were fantastic!

My mother didn't like it so

much!

After a few days in Baghdad,

we took a coach down to the

historical site of Ur. A long

time ago, this was the capital of the ancient Sumerian

people. It's famous as the

birthplace of Prophet

Abraham (PBUH). The

ziggurat is huge! It's about

21 metres high. No wonder

it's one of the most famous

monuments in the world!

On Wednesday, we took a

on wednesday, we took a

car across to the marshes.

The boat trip was quite

exciting. My mother told us

to sit still but it was hard to! We saw birds we'd never

seen before – flamingos

and herons and pelicans.

The next day, we travelled

to Erbil. It was a long

to Erbii: it was a long

journey and my sisters

were fed up. On Friday

morning we looked around

the markets. Then I was fed up! Shopping is so boring! I liked the Citadel, though. The yellow stone is so bright in the sunshine. It is very high up, and the view is amazing. For our last trip we went to Hatra. We staved at a hotel in the middle of the ruins. Hatra used to be a great city. It was a very important place in many civilizations. The old temples are still beautiful. I'll never forget Hatra, or the other wonderful places we visited.

Unit 1 Lesson 4



Presenter: Whose scrapbooks are these? Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

Voice: Number 1 is Amna's.

Number 2 is Muna's.

Number 3 is Maysam's.

Number 4 is Rashid's.

Number 5 is Jassim's.

Number 6 is Adel's.

Presenter: Band 2. Listen and read.

Maysam: I'm Maysam. In my spare time, I like finding out about other countries. I have lots of pictures and stamps. I ask everyone to keep their stamps for me. Scrapbook 3 is mine.

Adel: I'm Adel. Some day, I want to go to Africa. Then I can take my own photos of the animals. For now, I have to look for pictures and cut them out. Scrapbook 6 is mine.

Rashid: I'm Rashid. I want to be a pilot. I'm very interested in planes and flying, so you can guess what I collect.
Scrapbook 4 is mine.

Amna: I'm Amna. I enjoy collecting pictures of plants and flowers from around the world. I love the colours and shapes.

Scrapbook 1 is mine.

Muna: I'm Muna. I'm interested in birds. In my spare time, I take photos. Then I try to find out the names of the birds. Scrapbook 2 is mine.

Jassim: I'm Jassim. I play it. I
watch it on television. I go
to matches. So you know
whose pictures I collect.
Scrapbook 5 is mine.

Unit 1 Lesson 5



Presenter: Band 1. Listen and repeat the words.

Voice: always [PAUSE] usually
[PAUSE] often [PAUSE]
sometimes [PAUSE] never

Presenter: Band 2. Listen and read.

Male voice: My father always has a rest after lunch.

I usually do my homework after lunch.

I never have a rest in the afternoon.

I often watch television for an hour.

Then my brother and I sometimes play a game. Of course, Fridays are different.

We are never at home. We usually go to Friday prayers.

We always go to our grandparents' house after.

Adel: Do you have many?

Rashid: I have lots of them.

Adel: But why ruins?

Rashid: I like them.

6 6

Presenter: Can you say this short rhyme? Listen.

She sells sea shells on the sea shore. The shells she sells are sea shells, I'm sure.

Unit 1 Lesson 7

7 is the text on SB10.

Unit 1 Lesson 6

S 5

Presenter: Rashid's scrapbook. Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1d; 2f; 3b; 4e; 5g; 6a; 7c

Presenter: Band 2. Listen to the conversation.

Adel: Hello, Rashid. Rashid: Oh, hi, Adel.

Adel: Do you want to come to

the Mall?

Rashid: No, thanks.

Adel: What are you doing?

Rashid: I'm putting some

photographs in my

scrapbook.

Adel: Photographs of what?

Rashid: Historical sites in Iraq.

Adel: Where do you get the

photographs?

Rashid: I visit different cities and

take pictures of ruins.

Unit 1 Lesson 10

6 8 is the story on SB13.

Unit 1 Extra activities

S 9

Presenter: Listen to Sara talking about her holidays. Write notes.

Sara: I enjoyed my holidays very much. I didn't go away, but my friend, Sameera, came and stayed with me. She lives in Abu Dhabi. We're the same age – thirteen. I visited her last year. Sameera came to Iraq when she was seven – a long time ago! So we took her to all the lovely places we have in Iraq. We went to the museum and Sameera said it was very interesting. One

weekend, we went to Hatra. Sameera loved that. She said it was a fantastic place. Sometimes in the evenings, we went walking along the river with my parents. We thought it was beautiful, and Sameera said it was too. And afterwards we had dinner in a restaurant. Mmm – we had delicious food!

Unit 2 Lesson 5

G 15

Presenter: Listen and write the dates.

Jack's birthday is the eighteenth of March.

Yassir's birthday is the twenty-first of November.

Sara's birthday is the twenty-second of July.

Simon's birthday is the sixth of February. Susan's birthday is the nineteenth of April. Ramzi's birthday is the ninth of August.

Unit 2 Lesson 1

10 is the text at the top of SB14.

11 is the weather forecast on SB14.

Unit 2 Lesson 3

S 12

Presenter: The months of the year. Listen and repeat.

Voice: January, February, March,
April, May, June, July,
August, September,
October, November,
December

📦 13 is the poem on SB15.

Unit 2 Lesson 4

6 14 is the rhyme on SB16.

Unit 2 Lesson 8

Se 16

Presenter: Eid al-Fitr. Listen and look at the pictures.

Simon: What's Eid al-Fitr?
Yassir: My father will tell you.
Come and meet him.
(footsteps) Dad, this is
Simon. From England.

Father: How do you do? Simon: How do you do?

Yassir: Simon wants to know about Eid al-Fitr, Dad.

Father: Ah – Eid al-Fitr. Well, first of all, do you know about the

holy month of Ramadan?

Simon: No, I'm afraid I don't.

Father: Ramadan is the name of

the month when Muslims fast. We don't eat or drink anything in the daytime. We fast from dawn when the sun rises until dusk when the sun sets. Even the restaurants are closed.

No cafés. Nothing.

Simon: Isn't that difficult?

Father: No, not really. All Muslims are happy to do it because we are doing what Allah tells us to do. And it's good for us – it isn't a

good idea to eat too much.

Simon: Don't you eat at all?

Father: Oh, yes. We eat when the sun goes down. But I remember once I was in England during Ramadan. And it was summer when the days are very long in England. We had to fast for a long time – from five o'clock in the morning until half past nine at night. And it was very hot and sunny.

Simon: Wow, yes! But, er, what's Eid al-Fitr?

That was a bit difficult.

Father: Oh, yes. Sorry. Eid al-Fitr is a festival at the end of Ramadan. It is when we can break our fast and eat and drink again in the daytime.

Simon: And what do you do? Do you have a party?

Father: No, not really. I'll start at the beginning of the day. First, we pray. Then we usually go out and give money or presents to poor people. We visit friends and our relatives. We say 'Eid Mubarak'.

Simon: Eid Mubarak?

Father: Oh, ... 'Happy Eid,' I suppose in English. It's a very happy time.

Simon: Thank you for explaining. It

was very interesting.

Father: Not at all.

Unit 2 Lesson 9

Q 17

Presenter: Listen to a weather forecast. Write notes about the weather tomorrow.

Voice: Good evening from your favourite radio station. Here is the weather forecast for tomorrow, Saturday the twenty-third of February. There will be rain in the morning and it will be windy - so don't forget your coats and umbrellas when you go out. Temperature not bad - about 8 degrees. And things will get better in the afternoon. The sun will shine and the temperature will be 12 degrees. That's warm for winter. The afternoon, then, will be sunny and fine. But the evening - Brrrr! A wind from the mountains will bring some snow and it will stay cold for the night. The temperature will fall to 2 degrees. So - in the evening, stay at home and listen to us

Unit 2 Lesson 10

18 is the story on SB20.

Unit 3 Lesson 1

19 is the text of the conversations on SB21.

Unit 3 Lesson 3

§ 20 is the song on SB22.

Unit 3 Lesson 4

6 21

Presenter: You will hear different people talking. Listen. Number 1

Mariam: There, we've done the

glasses. I think we've finished. Thanks for helping, Sameera.

Sameera: Oh, sorry, Mariam. I've

found these cups.

Mariam: Oh, never mind. Put them

in the bowl, please. (sound of water) They'll just take a minute. (washing-up

sounds continue) There, we've finished. Thanks.

Sameera.

Sameera: It's a pleasure.

Presenter: Number 2

Malek: I'm bored with this puzzle,

Kamel. Let's go outside.

Kamel: No, no, Malek. Look, we

just need one more.

Number six. The clue is: There are two in the school

year. Eight letters.

Malek: What does it begin with?

Kamel: I don't know. But the ... one

two ... sixth letter is 'T'.

Malek: There are two in the school year. That's easy! I've done it. Come on! We've finished. We can do something else now.

Kamel: Hang on! ... I don't know

the answer!

Presenter: Number 3

Man 1: Keep going, Jim. Not much farther. Just a few metres.
Just a bit higher. Here goes.
I've done it! I've reached the top! What a fantastic view!

Presenter: Number 4

Man 1: Pass me that small brush, will you, please. Thanks.

Man 2: Do you want more paint?

Man 1: No, I'm fine for paint. Just this last bit. There. That's better.

Man 2: Nice colour, isn't it? Looks like a new gate.

Presenter: Number 5

Iman: Two chocolate ice creams, please. Thank you. Hold these a minute, will you, Sara, while I get the money. Oh, no!

Sara: What's the matter?

Iman: My purse. With all my money in it. It's not in my bag.

Sara: Your pocket?

Iman: No, I've left it at home. Oh, what can we do? The ice creams are melting!

Sara: Don't worry. Hold the ice creams. I don't think I've forgotten my purse. No, here it is. How much?

Presenter: Number 6

Girl 1: This game is difficult, isn't it?

Girl 2: Yes, it is. I just bought it yesterday.

Girl 1: I don't think we can do it.

Girl 2: Yes, we can. Let's try again.

Look! I think I've got one!

Girl 1: Oh, yes! And there's another one, look! Get it!

Girl 2: OK! OK!

Girl 1: You've done it! You've done it!

Girl 2: Right, that's enough. We'll play it again later. Switch off the computer now.

Zeena: Dad phoned. He's bought me a new computer.

Mother: Salman, what's the matter? Why are you frightened?

Salman: I've just read a ghost story.

Mother: Noora, what's the matter?

Why are you sad?

Noora: Somebody has drunk all the lemonade.

Hamad: What's the matter, Jack? Why are you worried?

Jack: Somebody has taken my elephant.

Unit 3 Lesson 7

. 6 23 is the story on SB26.

Unit 3 Lesson 5

Q 22

Presenter: Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

A3; B2; C5; D8; E7; F1; G6; H4

Presenter: Band 2. Now listen to the conversations.

Woman: What's the matter, Yassir? Yassir: I feel sick. I've eaten too

much chocolate.

Father: What's wrong, Jassim?

Why are you angry?

Jassim: Ahmed has gone to the beach without me.

Teacher: Tamara, why are you

upset?

Tamara: I've forgotten my English

books.

Mother: Why are you so happy,

Muna?

Muna: Daddy has given me a

present.

Mother: What is it, Zeena? Why are

you so excited?

Unit 3 Lesson 8

Q 24

Presenter: Once upon a time ... Listen and read.

Voice: Once upon a time there was a young shepherd. He was looking after his sheep in a field near a small village. And he was very bored.

'I've done nothing all day,'
he thought. 'I've walked
round this field ten times
and I'm bored.' Then he
had an idea. He ran into
the village. 'I've just seen a
wolf,' he shouted. 'It has
eaten one of my sheep.'
The men of the village ran
to the field. But the sheep
were eating happily and

there was no wolf. The shepherd laughed loudly. 'That's not funny,' one of the men said angrily. The next day, the shepherd did the same thing. 'Help! Help!' he shouted. 'A wolf has eaten one of my sheep. Come quickly.' 'Oh, no! Not again,' said one of the men. 'But we have to go,' said another. And they ran to the field. Again the sheep were eating happily. There was no wolf. The shepherd did this the On the fifth day, he was watching his sheep again

The shepherd did this the next day and the next day. On the fifth day, he was watching his sheep again when he saw a wolf. It had huge, white teeth. It took one of his sheep. He ran to the village, shouting, 'Help! Help! The wolf! It's just taken one of my sheep.' 'Oh no. Not this time. We don't believe you,' said one of the men of the village. 'But it's true,' said the shepherd.

The man spoke again. 'We do not believe you,' he said slowly and angrily. 'Go away.' The shepherd went back to the field. All his sheep were dead. He sat down on a stone and cried sadly.

Unit 3 Lesson 10

₩ 25 is the story on SB29.

Unit 3 Extra activities

S 26

Presenter: Listen to Len talking to his father. Answer the questions.

Len: Dad?

Mr Archer: Mm.

Len: Can I have my pocket

money?

Mr Archer: Can you have what?

Len: My pocket money. I've

done ...

Mr Archer: I don't know.

Len: Dad? I don't under ...

Mr Archer: Well, have you done all

your jobs?

Len: I've done a lot of them.

Here's my list.

Mr Archer: Really! You have a list!

Mm. Let's see – have you

finished your homework?

Len: No. Not yet. Gwen has borrowed one of my

books. I'll do it this

evening.

Mr Archer: All right. Um – have you done the washing-up?

Len: Yes. I have.

Mr Archer: And tidied the kitchen?

Len: Yes, Dad.

Mr Archer: Er - have you phoned your

uncle? He wants to speak

to you about ...

Len: No. I can't. Their telephone doesn't work. It's broken.

Mr Archer: What's this? Oh, yes. Have

you bought a birthday present for your mother?

Len: No, Dad. I ...

Mr Archer: Why not?

Len: I need my pocket money.

Mr Archer: Oh, all right. Here you are.

Len: Thanks, Dad.

S 27

Presenter: Khalid's birthday present. Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1b; 2d; 3a; 4f; 5e; 6c

Presenter: Band 2. Now listen to the conversation.

Ahmed: Hey, Jassim! Don't forget.

It's Khalid's birthday

tomorrow.

Jassim: I haven't forgotten. The

tenth of January.

Ahmed: What's the matter? Why

are you angry?

Jassim: I haven't bought him a

present and I've lost my

wallet.

Ahmed: Oh, Jassim! When did you

lose it?

Jassim: I've no idea. Yesterday

afternoon in the Mall. I

think.

Ahmed: What did you want to get

him?

Jassim: A model plane, of course.

What do you think?

Ahmed: I've just bought him a model

plane.

Jassim: I can't get him anything

now.

Ahmed: Hey! Hang on! What's that

on the teacher's desk?

Jassim: Fantastic! Host it here.

We'll go shopping after

school, Great!

Unit 5 Lesson 1

₩ 28

Presenter: Where do they come from? Listen and check your answers.

Boy: My name is Emile. I come from France. We have many shops in my country where you can buy beautiful clothes.

Girl: My name is Sultana. I come from Oman. I live near the sea where you can see lots of boats.

Boy: My name is Raji. I come from India. You can see elephants in my country.

Boy: My name is Yuki. I come from Japan. There are beautiful mountains in my country.

Unit 5 Lesson 2

\$\overline{\partial}{29}\$ is the text of the story on \$\SB36/37\$.

Unit 5 Lesson 4

60 30 is the song on SB38.

Unit 5 Lesson 7

Se 31

Presenter: Have you ever been to Indonesia? Listen.

Voice: Come to Indonesia – the country of a thousand

islands. Our beaches are the most beautiful in the world. And the sea is warm. Go swimming and sailing from our long, sandy coast. Go and look in the forests for the birds of paradise – the birds of many colours. You won't believe what you see! Go walking in the mountains and visit some of our many old temples. Stay on farms where they grow pepper, coffee and rubber trees. Did you know that one of the world's biggest mosques is in Indonesia? It's huge. Fifty thousand people can pray there. Have you ever seen an ape? The 'man of the woods' - a big monkey with long red hair. It lives in the trees of our hot, wet rainforests. Come and see the ape - at home. Volcanoes! Indonesia is famous for them! The most famous is Mount Rinjani. Have you ever been to Indonesia? You haven't? Now is the time.

Unit 5 Lesson 9

₩ 32

Presenter: Jassim and Rana are shopping in a big food store. They have to find food from other countries for homework. Where does the food come from?

Jassim: Right. What do we need?
Rana: We have to find things from other countries. Where's this water from?

Jassim: Produce of the UAE. But we have water at home.

Rana: Oh!

Jassim: We want a chicken. Um. Over there. In the fridge.

Rana: Here you are.

Jassim: Where's it from?

Rana: It's from here. It's from Iraq.

Jassim: OK. Put it in the basket. Now – where's the rice?

Rana: There. (*Pause*) It's from India.

Jassim: Rice from India. In the basket.

Rana: Look – here's some pepper. (*Pause*) It's from Indonesia.

Jassim: Rana – we have pepper at home. Put it back.

Rana: OK. But write that down. Pepper from Indonesia.

Jassim: OK. What's next? Sugar! We need sugar.

Rana: I'll get it. (*Pause*) Here you are. It's from – North America.

Jassim: OK. Sugar from North
America. In the basket.
And coffee? Where's the
coffee? Ah – here we are.

Rana: Where's that from?

Jassim: (*Reading*) Grown in South America.

Rana: Mm. Sugar from North
America and coffee from
South America. Write that
down.

Jassim: Now – shall we have some fruit?

Rana: How about strawberries?

Jassim: Strawberries. Strawberries.

Look, over there!

Rana: I'll go. (Pause) And they're

from - er - Spain.

Jassim: Strawberries from Spain. In

the basket.

Rana: Here's some salt. And it's

from – France. Salt from France. There you are.

Jassim: No, no. Put it back. We

have salt at home.

Rana: Oh.

Jassim: Now - what have we

bought? Strawberries, chicken, rice, sugar,

coffee. Um - do you have

any money?

Rana: No. Do you?

Unit 5 Lesson 10

Unit 6 Lesson 2



Presenter: Listen and say the words after me.

Iraqi; Bahraini; Omani; Yemeni;

Pakistani; Qatari;

Canadian; Italian; Indian; Palestinian;

American; German;

English; Spanish; Irish; Turkish;

Swedish; Scottish

Unit 6 Lesson 3



Presenter: Samar's pen-friend. Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1e; 2g; 3c; 4a; 5f; 6h; 7b; 8i; 9d

Presenter: Band 2. Listen to the conversation.

Dana: What are you doing,

Samar?

Samar: I'm writing a letter.

Dana: Who are you writing to?

Samar: I'm writing to Judy.

Dana: Who's Judy?

Samar: She's my pen-friend.

Dana: Where does she live?

Samar: In Canada. She's

Canadian.

Dana: How did you find her?

Samar: I advertised in a magazine

for a pen-friend.

Dana: Oh, can I do that too?

Samar: Of course you can.

Dana: And do all pen-friends

come from Canada?

Samar: Of course they don't. They

come from countries all

over the world.

Dana: Are those photographs of

Canada?

Samar: Yes, they are. Judy sent

them to me.

Dana: Have you got the name of

the magazine?

Samar: Yes, I have. I'll get it for

you.

₩ 36

Presenter: Fuad and his father are talking. Listen and complete the sentences.

Dad: Fuad! Good news!

Fuad: What's that, Dad?

Dad: I'm going to Japan – to Tokyo.

Fuad: When?

Dad: In seven weeks from now.

Fuad: Oh, Dad. Can I come with you? Please?

Dad: I thought you might ask me that. Yes, you can come.

Fuad: Wait a minute. Yuki doesn't live in Tokyo. I won't be able to meet him.

Dad: Maybe Yuki can come to Tokyo.

Fuad: Yes, I hope so. I'll write and tell him straight away.
What date will we travel?

Dad: On the 17th.

Fuad: And how long will we be in Japan?

Dad: Twelve days.

Fuad: Twelve days. Great! Which airline will we fly on?

Dad: Iraqi Airways, of course. If they fly to Japan.

Fuad: How long will the flight take?

Dad: I'm not sure. About seven hours, I suppose. We'll find out when I get the tickets.

Just calm down and get on with writing to Yuki.

Fuad: Yes, yes. I'll do it right now.

37

Presenter: Fuad wrote to Yuki and, two weeks later, he had a reply. Now Fuad is telling his father about Yuki's letter.

Fuad: Dad. I got a letter from Yuki this morning.

Dad: What does he say?

Fuad: He says that he and his family will be In Tokyo when we are there. Isn't that fantastic?

Dad: Yes, it is.

Fuad: And he says that his father and his mother will meet us at Tokyo airport. And he'll be at the airport too.

Dad: Oh, that's good. I've never been to Japan you know.

Fuad: He wants me to stay with him. At his uncle's house. He says you can stay too, Dad.

Dad: Well, that is kind of them.
But I'll stay in a hotel
because I have business
to do. Remember, I won't
be on holiday. I have to
work. But you can stay
with them. I'll write and
thank Yuki's parents for
their invitation. And you
can start thinking about
what clothes you'll need.

Fuad: Oh, clothes! I didn't ask Yuki what I'll need. What do you think, Dad?

Dad: I don't know! Find out what the weather will be like.

And ask Yuki what you will be doing – where you'll be going. Just don't take too much. You'll have to carry your own bag.

Fuad: Okay, dad. Oh, just one

thing – I want to take Yuki a present. What shall I get

him?

Dad: Er ... You said he collects

stamps. Why not take him some Iraqi stamps?

Fuad: Good idea, Dad! Thanks.

I'll do that.

Unit 6 Lesson 5

Q 38

Presenter: Fuad meets Yuki. Band 1. Yuki and Fuad meet for the first time.

Yuki: Hello, are you Fuad?

Fuad: Yes. And you must be Yuki.

Hello.

Yuki: How do you do? Come

and meet my parents.

Presenter: Band 2. Yuki introduces Fuad and his father to his father.

Yuki: This is my father. Dad, this

is Mr Salim and this is

Fuad.

Fuad: How do you do, sir?

Mr Ono: How do you do? You are

very welcome.

Presenter: Band 3. Next, Yuki introduces Fuad to his mother.

Yuki: And this is my mother.

Fuad: How do you do? It's nice to

meet you.

Mrs Ono: How do you do? Welcome

to Japan.

Unit 6 Lesson 6

39 is the text of the conversation on SB48/49.

Unit 6 Lesson 7

6 40

Presenter: Hisham has had a postcard from his friend, Mustafa. Listen and answer the questions.

Hisham: I've just had a postcard

from Mustafa. He's on holiday in France.

nollday in France.

Mother: Oh! What does he say?

Read it to me, please.

Hisham: OK. Dear Hisham, France

is fantastic. I've done lots of things. I've been up the Eiffel Tower. Everybody does that when they visit Paris. You can see the whole of Paris from up there. I've also visited one of the biggest museums in

the world, the Louvre. It was really interesting.
French food is different.

but it's very nice. I've even tried some frog's legs. I've bought some new clothes

for myself and a CD for you. I hope you like it.

See you at home in Iraq

soon. Mustafa.

₩ 41

Presenter: Listen to two men, Jim and Tom, talking.

Tom: Hi, Jim! You look very happy.

Jim: I am. I'm taking the family on holiday to Italy next month.

Tom: Next month? But that'll only be May. Why don't you go in the summer?

Jim: No. Summers in Italy are very hot. The best months to go are May and September.

Tom: Won't the children be in school?

Jim: No. It'll be half term. They get a week's holiday from school in May.

Tom: Why Italy?

Jim: Italy's great. The Italians are very friendly. Young children are welcome in restaurants. They're not in England.

Tom: What will you do there?

Jim: Me? I'll visit museums.

There are a lot of wonderful museums all over Italy. And I'll eat lots of pizzas. Italian pizzas are the best in the world.

Tom: Will you lie on the beach, go swimming, fishing ...?

Jim: No. I don't like that sort of thing. But I'll go climbing. There are some fantastic mountains there.

Tom: Sounds great. Maybe I'll go there some day.

Unit 6 Lesson 10

42 is the story on SB52.

Unit 7 Lesson 4

№ 43 is the text of the conversation on SB56.

Unit 7 Lesson 7

Q 44

Presenter: Danger! Band 1. Listen and check your answers.

1e; 2c; 3g; 4a; 5f; 6b; 7d

Presenter: Band 2. Listen to the conversation.

Mum: Saeed, where's Amal?

Saeed: I don't know.

Mum: Have you seen her?

Saeed: She was in the sitting room

two minutes ago.

Mum: Did she go into the garden

with you?

Saeed: No, she didn't.

Mum: Oh, no!

Saeed: What's the matter, Mum?

Mum: The bathroom!

Saeed: What about the bathroom?

Mum: I've filled the bath with very

hot water.

Saeed: I'll go and look.

Mum: Run! Run!

Saeed: I've got her, Mum. She's

OK.

Unit 7 Lesson 8

6 45

Presenter: Listen to a conversation between two women and answer the questions.

Suha: Hello, Layla! And little Fareed. How nice to see you!

Layla: Oh, hello, Suha.

Suha: Oh, dear! You don't look well. Are you all right?

Layla: I am now. But I've had such a fright. Oh, dear! I was very frightened. I have to sit down for a few minutes.

Suha: Why? What happened?

Layla: Well, I was looking for a new dress. I put my little boy on a chair – this one, in fact. I said 'Don't move.

Fareed!'

Suha: And?

Layla: The next time I looked around – I'm sure it was only a minute later – Fareed wasn't there.

Suha: What did you do?

Layla: I ran round the shop looking for him and calling his name. But it was no good.

Suha: And it's a huge shop. Layla: Yes, it certainly is. I ran

outside and looked up and down the pavement. No

sign of him. Suha: How awful!

Layla: I was sure he was under a car. I was so frightened.
Then two girls came round

the corner with Fareed. He was laughing! The girls

were looking for a

policeman because they

knew he was lost.

Suha: Where did they find him?

Layla: He was standing by the zebra crossing.

Suha: But that's a hundred metres from the shop. He walked all that way alone!

Layla: I know. I don't want to think about it. I was crying and Fareed was laughing!

Suha: Were you angry?

Layla: Angry? Well, yes, but just for a minute. I was happy to find him with no broken legs or arms. I'll never take my eyes off him again.

Unit 7 Lesson 9

Q 46

Presenter: Nader and his wife, Huda, and their son, Fareed, are driving to the beach. Listen to their conversation.

Nader: That man! He didn't look!
Huda: Nader, you ARE driving
very fast. It's dangerous.
Drive carefully, please.

Nader: I AM driving carefully. It's the other drivers.

Huda: Nader, please drive slowly.

If you don't, we'll have an accident.

Nader: Oh, all right.

Huda: Fareed.

Fareed: Yes, Mum.

Huda: Are you wearing your seat belt?

Fareed: No, Mum. I don't need it.

Huda: Yes, you do. Now, put it on. Nader! Be careful!

Nader: What's the matter?

Huda: Those two boys! They're

riding on the wrong side of the road.

Nader: It's OK. I've seen them.
And one of them isn't

holding the handlebars.

Fareed: Dad, why have you stopped?

Nader: It's a zebra crossing, Fareed. And that old man

wants to cross the road.

You see?

Fareed: Oh, yes.

Huda: Nader! That boy!

Nader: Hey! Walk on the pavement.

Not on the road. Boys!

Huda: They don't think. Right, Nader. Nice and slowly. If you drive slowly, we'll still get to the beach in time for

lunch.

Fareed: Can I have a pizza?

Huda: Yes, Fareed. You can have

a pizza.

Unit 7 Lesson 10

47 is the story on SB60.

Unit 8 Lesson 1



Presenter: Pronunciation. Band 1. Listen and copy these questions and answers.

Voice 1: Can you use a computer?

Voice 2: Yes, I can.

Voice 1: Can you use a computer?

Voice 3: Yes, of course I can.

Voice 1: Can you use a computer?

Voice 4: No, I can't.

Voice 1: Have you ever been iceskating?

Voice 2: No, I haven't.

Voice 1: Have you ever been ice-

skating?

Voice 3: Yes, I have.

Presenter: Band 2. Listen and read these longer conversations.

A: Can you use a computer?

B: No, I can't.

A: Would you like to?

B: Oh, yes! I'd love to.

A: Can you use a computer?

B: No, I can't.

C: I can. It's easy.

D: And it's fun too.

Unit 8 Lesson 5



Presenter: On the radio, some people are talking about Our World Today. Listen.

Speaker 1: So, I think we are very lucky to be living in the 21st century. Think of all the things we have that our parents and grandparents didn't have. We can buy food from all over the world, for example.

Speaker 2: But today, some of the food we get is not good for us. I've stopped eating meat, for example. I don't think it's safe.

Speaker 3: Yes, that's true. We don't eat beef now and my children

are very upset because they loved burgers.

Speaker 1: What about transport?

Today, we can travel all over our own country in cars instead of having to walk or ride camels or horses. And we can travel anywhere in the world quickly and easily by plane. My parents never went outside Iraq!

Speaker 2: Yes, but look at all the accidents we have!

Speaker 3: And cars make us lazy.

Nobody wants to walk

anywhere these days.

Speaker 1: Well, you can't find anything wrong with all the information we can get today, on television and the Internet. And you don't have to go outside your own home! I think it's fantastic! And it's very good for children. They can learn so much.

Speaker 2: But look at all the programmes on television that are *not* good for children. And the Internet is even worse! I'd rather my children read books.

Speaker 1: Well, you can always switch off the television.

And what about the telephone, and especially mobile phones? You have to admit that they're amazing! We can telephone anyone anywhere from anywhere.

Speaker 3: But I've read that mobile phones are dangerous –

especially to children. It's radiation, I think.

Speaker 1: Oh, I don't believe it!

There's something wrong
with everything that's new.

\$ 50

Presenter: Listen to a story and number the pictures in the correct order.

When John opened his eyes this morning, the sun was shining brightly. He felt great. He jumped out of bed and got dressed quickly. Then he had breakfast. After that, he said 'Goodbye' to his wife and walked slowly to the bus stop. On the way, he smiled at everybody he met. 'Good morning. Lovely day!' he said. Suddenly, in a shop window, he saw this advertisement: Special offer! Cheap trips to India! 'India! I've always wanted to go there,' John thought and he began to dream about elephants and tigers. He forgot all about his bus. When he turned round, the bus was moving away from the stop. He ran after it shouting, but the driver did not stop. 'Oh, dear. Now I'll be late for work,'

Unit Word list

(n) = noun (v) = verb (adj) = adjective (adv) = adverb (pp) = past participle

Put each word in a sentence of your own, to help you remember it.

Unit 1	
always	
around	
back	
barbecue	
boring	
by (= next to)	
collect	
country, countries	
drop (v)	
enjoy	
everything	
flower	
have a rest	
interested in	
keep	
never	
often	
scrapbook	
sea shell	

shape	
sometimes	
stamp (n)	
subway	_
took (a train)	
usually	
village	
wonderful	
world	
Unit 2	
all the rest	
alone	
April	
August	
autumn	
break (a fast)	
calendar	
Christmas	
closed	
cloudy	
cool	
dawn	
December	

degrees	
dry	
dusk	
Eid al-Fitr	
eighteenth	
eleventh	
except	
explain	
fast (v)	
February	
festival	
fifteenth	
for example	
forecast	
fourteenth	
friendly	
half-term (holiday)	
Iraqi Armed Forces Day	
January	
July	
June	
March	
May	

month	
Muslim	
nineteenth	- 1112
nobody	
November	
October	
poor	
pray	
rain (v)	
Ramadan	
relatives	- Alexandrian de la companya de la c
season	
semester	
September	
seventeenth	
sixteenth	
skateboard	
snow (v)	
spring	
summer	
sun	
sunny	
take place	
temperature	

term	
thirteenth	100000
thirtieth	
twelfth	
twentieth	
warm	
weather	
windy	
winter	
worst	
Unit 3	
angrily	
badly	
beautifully	
believe	
bored	
bought (pp)	
brought (pp)	
carefully	
cleaned (pp)	
climbed (pp)	
clue	
cooked (pp)	

dead	
done (pp)	
drunk (pp)	
easily	
eaten (pp)	
excited	
feel sick	
field	
finished (pp)	
forgotten (pp)	
fox	
funny	
ghost story	
given (pp)	
gone (pp)	
happily	
heard (pp)	
helped (pp)	
invent	
invention	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
inventor	
It's a pleasure	
just (adv)	
laugh at somebody	

lazy	
left (pp)	
lost (pp)	
loudly	
mad	
melt	
mixed (pp)	
Never mind	
nicely	
noisily	
Once upon a time	
painted (pp)	
pocket money	
politely	
purse	
puzzle	
quickly	
quietly	
reached (pp)	
read (pp)	
robot	
sadly	
seen (pp)	
set (n) (word ~)	

shed	
sheep	
shepherd	
slowly	
sung (pp)	
swept (pp)	
taken (pp)	
talked (pp)	
tell a lie	
That's very nice/kind of you	
tidied (pp)	
washed (pp)	
watched (pp)	
watered (pp)	
wolf, wolves	
worried	
Worried	
worry	
Unit 4	
artist	
atlas	`
calm down	
chase	

escape	
exhausted	
freezing	
friendliest	
furious	
grab	
happiest	
hate	
helicopter	
instead	
interesting	
leap	
luckiest	
luckily	
mess	
mobile (phone)	
noisiest	
order (n)	
popular	
problem	
reply, replied	
scream	
spill	
starving	

thoroughly	
tray	
whisper	
•	
Unit 5	
agriculture	
all kinds of	
also	
Bahrain	
been (pp)	
cotton	
ever	
everywhere	
famous for	
fort	
France	
gas	
grow	
I'd rather	
important	
India	
Indonesia	
industry	
Japan	

journey	
large	
learn about	
Lebanon	
mainly	- Char
million	WINE AVAILABLE
modern	
more (beautiful)	
most (important)	
oil	
pepper	
poem	
population	
produce (v)	
rainforest	
restaurant	
ridden (pp)	
rocket	
rubber	
Saudi Arabia	
size	
skiing	
store (n)	
temple	

The UAE (United Arab Emirates)	
tourism	
volcano, volcanoes	
wild	
written (pp)	
Yemen	
Unit 6	
advertise (v)	
airport	
aloud	
American	
arrivals	
Bahraini	
baseball	
Canadian	
cannot wait	
CD (compact disc) player	
choices	
chopsticks	
city, cities	
copy (n)	
dark (hair)	

different from	
draft (n)	
Dutch	
final	
flight	
fork	
French	
German	
grey	
Holland	
hope (v)	
imagine	
include	
Indian	
introduce	
introduction	
Iraqi	
Irish	
Italian	
Japanese	
judo	
kimono	
kneel	
knife	

label (v)	
link	
look forward to something	
madam	
magazine	
maybe	
midnight	
must be	
nationality	
notice (v)	
of course	
off (the road)	
Omani	
on the way	
Pakistani	
Palestinian	
parents	
pen-friend	
petrol	
play (n)	
plump	
pot (coffee ~)	
raw	

Really!	
recognize	
reply (n)	
Scottish	
sir	
Spanish	
spoon	
start (a car)	
strange	
suit (n)	
Swedish	
take (= last)	
taste (v)	
ticket	
Tokyo	
traditional	
try (= taste)	
Turkish	
understand	
vegetarian (n)	
welcome	
Yemeni	

Unit 7

add	100 OF 15
ago	llio
boots (football -)	
burn	ile ju ken
busy (street)	matches
children	ancibar and a second a second and a second a
	Gurl et som
compass	
crossing (zebra ~)	Conjugate Arginia
cyclist	W.
daily	<u> </u>
drown	out of the multi of
fill	<u>Ideinger</u>
free (adj) (= for no money)	TOPPEN PART OF
get lost	distic
handlebars	Sis otrisk
herself	- (a) mo
himself	afrily.
hire	
	ide (of the food)
hurry	Lat shir
hurt	5000
imperative	Zuoegas:
instructions	

keep away from	Unit 7
keep off	blug
kill	water and a second control of the second con
let	(- (fizdinek) road
life jacket	hum
matches	husy (sever)
medicine	evoluted
miss (a bus)	Compass Section 2
motor (engine)	1- milectronizaces
oar	121-221
ourselves	vlich
out of the reach of	nwesh
overnight	ija.
pavement	from Laib). (= for me
plastic	/canons
plenty of	reol reg
row (v)	handlebars
safety	herself
seat belt	111
	hine
side (of the road)	hurry
sink (v)	nud
space	Imperative
teaspoon	instructions
themselves	

touch	former all about
warning	 gardrence
yourself	ger drewed
yourselves	jer ski
Unit 8	
agony	Net (= linemas)
agree	anly finly
alive	point (n) t= idea!
anyone	Imirq
anywhere	
balloon	(vi) Herr
	safe
bark (v)	¥15/1504
basketball	woharw qode
bus stop	(pmin) binage
capital (city)	gest.
century	
cheap	SMICHE
crash helmet	buselinus
delighted	thought
electric	nedsum
electronic	travel (ii)
email	
for example	

forget all about something		
get dressed		
		thermay
jet ski		serdina.mv
main		V
motor bike		8 tinti
Net (= Internet)	<u> </u>	
only (adj)		Auode
point (n) (= idea)		3,2100
print		
-		anyone
run after		anywhere
rush (v)		noulled
safe		bark (ml
scenery	· Marie · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	haskerbul
shop window		
spend (time)		dens snej
steep		capital (city)
suitcase		
surfboard		cheap
		crash helmer
thought		delighted
transport		olocuic
travel (v)		